# Environmental Product Declaration





In accordance with ISO 14025:2006 and EN 15804:2012+A2:2019/AC:2021 for:

# Stainless screw

from

# Västsvensk Byggskruv AB



Programme: The International EPD® System, <u>www.environdec.com</u>

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An EPD should provide current information and may be updated if conditions change. The stated validity is therefore subject to the continued registration and publication at www.environdec.com







#### **General information**

#### **Programme information**

Programme:	The International EPD® System						
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Accountabilities for PCR, LCA and independent, third-party verification
Product Category Rules (PCR)
CEN standard EN 15804 serves as the Core Product Category Rules (PCR)
Product Category Rules (PCR): Construction products, 2019:14, version 1.3.2
PCR review was conducted by: The Technical Committee of the International EPD® System. Contact via info@environdec.com
Life Cycle Assessment (LCA)
LCA accountability: Sofia Lindroth, Miljögiraff AB
Third-party verification
Independent third-party verification of the declaration and data, according to ISO 14025:2006, via:
⊠ EPD verification by individual verifier
Third-party verifier: Martyna Mikusinska, Sweco Environment AB, Martyna.Mikusinska@sweco.se.
Approved by: The International EPD® System
Procedure for follow-up of data during EPD validity involves third party verifier:
□ Yes ⊠ No

The EPD owner has the sole ownership, liability, and responsibility for the EPD.

EPDs within the same product category but registered in different EPD programmes, or not compliant with EN 15804, may not be comparable. For two EPDs to be comparable, they must be based on the same PCR (including the same version number) or be based on fully-aligned PCRs or versions of PCRs; cover products with identical functions, technical performances and use (e.g. identical declared/functional units); have equivalent system boundaries and descriptions of data; apply equivalent data quality requirements, methods of data collection, and allocation methods; apply identical cut-off rules and impact assessment methods (including the same version of characterisation factors); have equivalent content declarations; and be valid at the time of comparison. For further information about comparability, see EN 15804 and ISO 14025.





#### **Company information**

Owner of the EPD: Västsvensk Byggskruv AB Vävlagargatan 7 507 30 Brämhult Sweden Contact:
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#### Description of the organisation:

Västsvensk Byggskruv AB (VSB) was founded in 1984. Since then, the company has been continually growing and is today considered one of the market leaders in Sweden. VSB's goal is to provide the highest quality products on the field with a high level of punctuality in terms of delivery deadlines, and where back orders are an exception to the rule. VSB are continuously working on product development and quality monitoring where identifying time-minimising and work-saving innovations is the objective.

#### Product-related or management system-related certifications:

VSB is an ISO 9001 certified company that aims to deliver top-quality screws and attachments. To be in a position to manage fast deliveries and avoid back orders VSB should hold large volumes in stock and, in the eyes of the customer, be the supplier with the most comprehensive knowledge about attachments.

VSB is also ISO 14001 certified and has its own environmental policy, which means that VSB must assume their environmental responsibility in full and continuously strive to minimise the company's environmental impact.

All VSB's articles are registered in and meet the requirements for Swedish Basta, Sunda Hus and Byggvarubedömningen. This means that the products apply to the limits for the substances included in the REACH candidate list.







#### **Product information**

Product name:

Stainless screw

#### Product identification:

The EPD is representable for stainless screw produced by Västsvensk Byggskruv.

#### Product description:

Stainless screw is a product group at Västsvensk Byggskruv with that has the same production process. Stainless screws included in this EPD are among others Round washer head-, Decking- and Woodscrews produced from stainless steel A2 and A4.

#### UN CPC code:

42944

#### Geographical scope:

Countries and regions processes has been modelled to represent are:

A1: Taiwan A2: Global

A3-A5 + module C + D: Sweden





#### LCA information

#### Functional unit / declared unit:

1 kg screw

#### Database(s) and LCA software used:

Database used is ecoinvent 3.9.1. The LCA software used is SimaPro 9.5.

#### Time representativeness & data quality:

The data used to model product manufacturing corresponds to year 2022. No data used is older than 10 years.

All suppliers have been contacted to obtain specific information about their products and site-specific manufacturing data for the screw production that occurs in Taiwan and for Västsvensk Byggskruvs manufacturing has been retrieved. Some primary data for upstream materials have been gathered while most upstream and downstream processes have been modelled based on generic data from databases. The collected data was reviewed according to EN 15804 and is deemed as of good quality.

#### Allocation:

Allocation had to be applied for pre-consumer steel scrap used in as input material and spillage of steel created in the manufacturing process of the screw.

All pre-consumer steel scrap used in the product has been allocated based on co-product allocation. In accordance with the PCR, a conservative assumption has been made where it is assumed that the pre-consumer steel carries the same environmental impact as virgin material.

Some scrap production of steel in the screw manufacturing occurs and should be treated with coproduct allocation and then economic allocation according to PCR. Here, a conservative approach has been applied were the main product carries all the environmental impact from previous lifecycle steps. Hence, assuming that the spillage has no economic value.

The allocation of waste follows the polluter-pays principle. The system boundary to the subsequent product system is set where the waste (e.g., the discarded product) reaches the end-of-waste state, i.e., when the material has become a usable flow (e.g., for reuse, energy recovery and/or recycling).

#### Cut-off criteria:

The cut-off criteria established by the PCR is 1% of all material and energy flows to a single unit process and 5% of total inflows (mass and energy) per module. No cut-offs exceeding this limit have been made.

In this study, the infrastructure and capital goods are included in the LCA analysis since it is not possible within reasonable effort to subtract the data on infrastructure/capital good

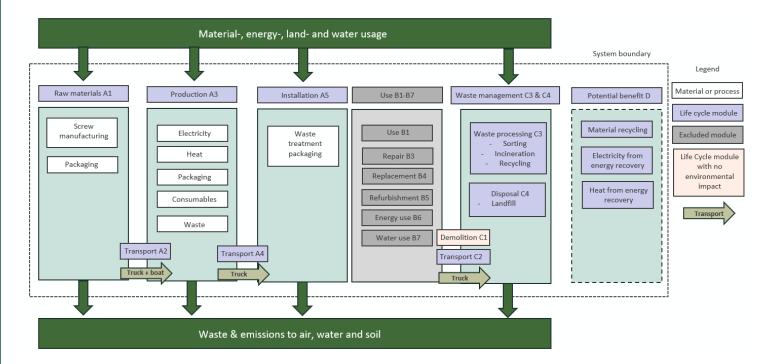
#### <u>Description of system boundaries:</u>

Cradle to gate with options, modules C1–C4, module D and with optional modules A4 and A5. The product does not have any environmental impact in the use phase, which is why the B modules are not considered.





#### System diagram:



#### More information:

VSB's supply chain that is assessed extends from their suppliers of packaging materials, consumables, but above all from the supplier of screws in Taiwan, to VSB's operations in Brämhult for packaging and distribution. Hence, screw production in Taiwan falls under A1 Raw material.

The screw is manufactured by a supplier with factory in Kaohsiung City in Taiwan. The raw material to the screw manufacturing is steel wire and production process includes drawing the wire, forging and treading into desired screw shape. Lastly the screw is heat treated for better mechanical strength and surface treated.

Finished screw is transported by boat and truck (assumed to be freight lorry, 16-32t, EURO5, powered with diesel) to Västsvensk Byggskruv were packaging and warehousing takes place. During Västsvensk Byggskruvs operation, electricity and heat is used, and a small amount of production waste is created. Västsvensk Byggskruv produces their own solar energy via solar panels on the roof, and the electricity been modelled with 14% solarenergy and 86% Swedish residual mix. This electricity mix has a climate impact (GWP-GHG) of 0,082 kg CO2 eq/kWh. The finished products are packaged in different packaging solutions before distributed to customer.

The distribution transport (A4) is modelled with ruck, freight lorry 16-32t, EURO6, powered with diesel fuel, 249 km.

After use the product is transported to waste processing and the steel is assumed to be recycled with an 86% collection and recovery. In the C module no environmental impact of deconstruction is assumed to occur (C1), as well as any environmental impact from recycling is not considered following the cut-off approach applied (C3). What is considered in the C module is the transportation to waste processing which is assumed to occur with truck 50km (C2), sorting and preparation of steel scrap for recycling (C3) were the 86% share is recycled, and disposal (landfill) of waste not sent for recycling (C4) which is 14% of the steel.

The scenarios included are currently used and are representative of one of the most likely options. Where a scenario beyond the A3 module has been made, a conservative assumption has generally been made.





# Modules declared, geographical scope, share of specific data (in GWP-GHG results) and data variation (in GWP-GHG results):

	Pro	duct st	age	prod	ruction cess ige			Us	se sta	ge			Er	nd of li	fe sta	ge	Resource recovery stage
	Raw material supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport	Construction installation	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	De-construction demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse-Recovery-Recycling- potential
Module	<b>A</b> 1	A2	А3	A4	<b>A</b> 5	В1	B2	В3	B4	B5	В6	В7	C1	C2	С3	C4	D
Modules declared	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	Х	х	х	Х	Х
Geography	GLO	GLO	SE	SE	SE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	SE	SE	SE	SE	SE
Specific data used		87%		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Variation – products		-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Variation – sites		-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

X: Module declared, ND: Module not declared, SE: Sweden, GLO: Global





### **Content information**

Product components	Weight, kg	Post-consumer material, weight-%	Biogenic material, kg C/declared unit
Steel	1,0	60%	0%
TOTAL	1,0	60%	0%
Packaging materials	Weight, kg	Weight-% (versus the product)	Weight biogenic carbon, kg C/declared unit
Cardboard	0,060	50%	0,03
Lid, plastic	0,001	0%	0
Box, plastic	0,0013	70%	0
Tape and plastic band	0,00018	0%	0
TOTAL	0,062	49%	0,03

The product does not contain any Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC)<sup>1</sup> that exceeds 0.1% of the product weight.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> SVHC and the Candidate List of SVHC are available via the European Chemicals Agency <u>Candidate</u> <u>List of substances of very high concern for Authorisation - ECHA (europa.eu)</u>





## Results of the environmental performance indicators

EN 15804 reference package based on EF 3.1 has been used for calculating the environmental impact.

The estimated impact results are only relative statements, which do not indicate the endpoints of the impact categories, exceeding threshold values, safety margins and/or risks. It should be noted that the EPD results of modules A1-A3 without considering the results of module C is discouraged.

#### Mandatory impact category indicators according to EN 15804

Results per declared unit												
Indicator	Unit	A1-A3	A4	<b>A</b> 5	C1	C2	C3	C4	D			
GWP-fossil	kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq.	6,38E+00	4,91E-02	9,39E-03	0,00E+00	9,24E-03	2,28E-02	8,57E-04	-4,63E-01			
GWP-biogenic	kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq.	-6,99E-02	1,58E-05	7,44E-02	0,00E+00	2,98E-06	6,42E-05	3,74E-07	-1,21E-02			
GWP- luluc	kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq.	5,75E-03	2,43E-05	8,05E-07	0,00E+00	4,56E-06	6,17E-05	5,17E-07	-2,95E-05			
GWP- total	kg CO₂ eq.	6,32E+00	4,92E-02	8,38E-02	0,00E+00	9,25E-03	2,29E-02	8,58E-04	-4,75E-01			
ODP	kg CFC 11 eq.	7,70E-08	1,07E-09	1,52E-10	0,00E+00	2,01E-10	3,61E-10	2,48E-11	-1,11E-08			
AP	mol H⁺ eq.	3,87E-02	1,07E-04	9,77E-06	0,00E+00	2,02E-05	2,75E-04	6,46E-06	-1,75E-03			
EP-freshwater	kg P eq.	2,27E-03	3,49E-06	1,87E-07	0,00E+00	6,57E-07	1,22E-05	7,14E-08	-1,90E-04			
EP- marine	kg N eq.	8,13E-03	2,71E-05	4,51E-06	0,00E+00	5,09E-06	6,53E-05	2,48E-06	-4,06E-04			
EP-terrestrial	mol N eq.	8,57E-02	2,75E-04	4,38E-05	0,00E+00	5,18E-05	7,34E-04	2,66E-05	-4,44E-03			
POCP	kg NMVOC eq.	2,56E-02	1,67E-04	1,27E-05	0,00E+00	3,13E-05	2,19E-04	9,25E-06	-2,50E-03			
ADP- minerals&metals*	kg Sb eq.	1,11E-04	1,61E-07	4,59E-09	0,00E+00	3,02E-08	1,60E-06	1,19E-09	-2,34E-07			
ADP-fossil*	MJ	7,43E+01	6,98E-01	1,40E-02	0,00E+00	1,31E-01	3,28E-01	2,14E-02	-5,07E+00			
WDP*	m <sup>3</sup>	1,24E+00	2,88E-03	3,01E-04	0,00E+00	5,41E-04	4,12E-03	9,43E-04	-2,59E-02			
Acronyms	GWP-fossil = G Warming Potenti potential, Accu compartment; Eutrophication po Abiotic depletio	al land use and imulated Excerned EP-marine = Eptential, Accumn potential for	d land use cha edance; EP-fro Eutrophication nulated Exceed non-fossil reso	ange; ODP = Deshwater = Eu potential, fract dance; POCP ources; ADP-fo	Depletion poter trophication poter ion of nutrients Formation po	itial of the straction of tential, fractions of reaching man of tential of tropoletion for for	tospheric ozon n of nutrients r rine end compa ospheric ozona ossil resources	e layer; AP = ; eaching fresh artment; EP-te e; ADP-minera	Acidification water end rrestrial = ils&metals =			

<sup>\*</sup> Disclaimer: The results of this environmental impact indicator shall be used with care as the uncertainties of these results are high or as there is limited experience with the indicator.





#### Additional mandatory and voluntary impact category indicators

		-	Results	s per decla	red unit				
Indicator	Unit	A1-A3	<b>A</b> 4	A5	C1	C2	С3	C4	D
GWP-GHG <sup>2</sup>	kg CO2 eq.	6,40E+00	4,92E-02	9,40E-03	0,00E+00	9,25E-03	2,29E-02	8,58E-04	-4,62E-01
PM	disease inc.	4,38E-07	3,66E-09	1,10E-10	0,00E+00	6,89E-10	3,98E-09	1,41E-10	-3,31E-08
IR <sup>3</sup>	kBq U-235 eq	5,54E-01	9,45E-04	4,77E-05	0,00E+00	1,78E-04	4,63E-03	1,35E-05	-1,79E-02
ETP – FW*	CTUe	2,48E+01	3,45E-01	5,89E-02	0,00E+00	6,49E-02	2,68E-01	1,00E-02	-1,28E+00
HTP – C*	CTUh	3,41E-08	2,24E-11	7,04E-12	0,00E+00	4,21E-12	3,89E-11	3,65E-13	-2,58E-09
HTP – NC*	CTUh	1,17E-07	4,95E-10	4,23E-11	0,00E+00	9,31E-11	1,76E-09	4,57E-12	-1,78E-09
Land use, SQP*	Pt	4,46E+01	4,22E-01	6,85E-03	0,00E+00	7,93E-02	6,26E-01	4,24E-02	-1,97E+00
Acronyms	PM: Particulate	,	U		lealth, ETP-FV ity Potential –	,		,	

<sup>\*</sup> Disclaimer: The results of this environmental impact indicator shall be used with care as the uncertainties of these results are high or as there is limited experience with the indicator.

Disclaimer: The results of the impact categories land use, human toxicity (cancer), human toxicity, non-cancer and ecotoxicity (freshwater) may be highly uncertain in LCAs that include capital goods/infrastructure in generic datasets, in case infrastructure/capital goods contribute greatly to the total results. This is because the LCI data of infrastructure/capital goods used to quantify these indicators in currently available generic datasets sometimes lack temporal, technological and geographical representativeness. Caution should be exercised when using the results of these indicators for decision-making purposes.

 $<sup>^2</sup>$  This indicator accounts for all greenhouse gases except biogenic carbon dioxide uptake and emissions and biogenic carbon stored in the product. As such, the indicator is identical to GWP-total except that the CF for biogenic CO<sub>2</sub> is set to zero.

This impact category deals mainly with the eventual impact of low dose ionizing radiation on human health of the nuclear fuel cycle. It does not consider effects due to possible nuclear accidents, occupational exposure nor due to radioactive waste disposal in underground facilities. Potential ionizing radiation from the soil, from radon and from some construction materials is also not measured by this indicator.





#### **Resource use indicators**

The use of primary energy resources is calculated according to option B in Annex 3 in PCR Construction Products v.1.3.2

	Results per declared unit											
Indicator	Unit	A1-A3	A4	<b>A</b> 5	C1	C2	C3	C4	D			
PERE	MJ	1,57E+00	6,03E-04	0,00E+00	2,06E-03	6,44E-02	1,81E-04	-3,98E-01	-3,46E+01			
PERM	MJ	9,40E-01	0,00E+00	-9,40E-01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00			
PERT	MJ	2,51E+00	6,03E-04	-9,40E-01	2,06E-03	6,44E-02	1,81E-04	-3,98E-01	-3,46E+01			
PENRE	MJ	5,73E+00	1,49E-02	0,00E+00	1,39E-01	3,46E-01	2,27E-02	-5,33E+00	-1,19E+02			
PENRM	MJ	7,69E-02	0,00E+00	-7,69E-02	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00			
PENRT	MJ	5,81E+00	1,49E-02	-7,69E-02	1,39E-01	3,46E-01	2,27E-02	-5,33E+00	-1,19E+02			
SM	kg	4,31E-01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00			
RSF	MJ	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00			
NRSF	MJ	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00			
FW	m <sup>3</sup>	3,20E-03	1,17E-04	2,37E-05	0,00E+00	2,20E-05	1,30E-04	2,28E-05	-1,86E-03			
Acronyms	PERE = Use of re renewable primar Use of non-renew of non-renewab sources; SM = U	y energy resou able primary e le primary ene	urces used as energy excludi ergy resources	raw materials; ng non-renewa used as raw r SF = Use of re	PERT = Total able primary e naterials; PEN	use of renewa nergy resource IRT = Total us ndary fuels; NF	able primary er es used as raw e of non-renev	nergy resource materials; PE vable primary	es; PENRE = ENRM = Use energy re-			





#### **Waste indicators**

			Results	s per decla	red unit				
Indicator	Unit	A1-A3	<b>A</b> 4	<b>A</b> 5	C1	C2	С3	C4	D
Hazardous waste disposed	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Non-hazardous waste disposed	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Radioactive waste disposed	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

# **Output flow indicators**

			Results	s per decla	red unit				
Indicator	Unit	A1-A3	<b>A</b> 4	<b>A</b> 5	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Components for re- use	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Material for recycling	kg	0,12	0	0	0	0	0,86	0	0
Materials for energy recovery	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Exported energy, electricity	MJ	0	0	0,06	0	0	0	0	0
Exported energy, thermal	MJ	0	0	0,13	0	0	0	0	0





#### References

General Programme Instructions of the International EPD® System. Version 4.0.

ISO 14025:2006, Environmental labels and declarations – Type III environmental declarations – Principles and procedures.

ISO 14040:2006, Environmental management – Life cycle assessment – Principles and framework.

ISO (2006c). ISO 14044: 2006, Environmental management – Life cycle assessment – Requirements and guidelines.

PCR Construction, PCR 2019:14, Version 1.3.2

Livscykelanalys av skruv från Västsvensk Byggskruv, Sofia Lindroth, Miljögiraff AB, 2024

