



Approval body for construction products and types of construction

#### **Bautechnisches Prüfamt**

An institution established by the Federal and Laender Governments



### European Technical Assessment

### ETA-18/0615 of 14 February 2019

English translation prepared by DIBt - Original version in German language

#### **General Part**

Technical Assessment Body issuing the Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik European Technical Assessment: Trade name of the construction product Essve Injection system HY for concrete Product family Bonded fastener for use in concrete to which the construction product belongs **ESSVE** Produkter AB Manufacturer Esbogatan 14 164 74 KISTA **SCHWEDEN** Manufacturing plant ESSVE Plant No. 671 This European Technical Assessment 25 pages including 3 annexes which form an integral part contains of this assessment EAD 330499-00-0601 This European Technical Assessment is issued in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 305/2011, on the basis of This version replaces ETA-18/0615 issued on 4 September 2018



#### European Technical Assessment ETA-18/0615 English translation prepared by DIBt

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#### Specific Part

#### 1 Technical description of the product

The "Essve Injection system HY for concrete" is a bonded anchor consisting of a cartridge with injection mortar ESSVE HY and a steel element. The steel element consist of a commercial threaded rod with washer and hexagon nut in the range of M8 to M30, reinforcing bar in the range of diameter  $\emptyset$ 8 to  $\emptyset$ 32 mm or internal threaded rod IG-M6 to IG-M20.

The steel element is placed into a drilled hole filled with injection mortar and is anchored via the bond between metal part, injection mortar and concrete.

The product description is given in Annex A.

## 2 Specification of the intended use in accordance with the applicable European Assessment Document

The performances given in Section 3 are only valid if the anchor is used in compliance with the specifications and conditions given in Annex B.

The verifications and assessment methods on which this European Technical Assessment is based lead to the assumption of a working life of the anchor of at least 50 years. The indications given on the working life cannot be interpreted as a guarantee given by the producer, but are to be regarded only as a means for choosing the right products in relation to the expected economically reasonable working life of the works.

#### 3 Performance of the product and references to the methods used for its assessment

#### 3.1 Mechanical resistance and stability (BWR 1)

Essential characteristic	Performance
Characteristic resistance to tension load	See Annex
(static and quasi-static loading)	C 1, C 2, C 4, C 5
Characteristic resistance to shear load	See Annex
(static and quasi-static loading)	C 1, C 3, C 5, C 7
Displacements	See Annex
(static and quasi-static loading)	C 8, C 9, C 10
Characteristic resistance for seismic performance	See Annex
category C1	C 2, C 3, C 5, C 7
Characteristic resistance and displacements for seismic	See Annex
performance category C2	C 2, C 3, C 8

#### 3.2 Hygiene, health and the environment (BWR 3)

	Essential characteristic	Performance
ſ	Content, emission and/or release of dangerous substances	No performance assessed



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# 4 Assessment and verification of constancy of performance (AVCP) system applied, with reference to its legal base

In accordance with the European Assessment Document EAD 330499-00-0601 the applicable European legal act is: [96/582/EC].

The system to be applied is: 1

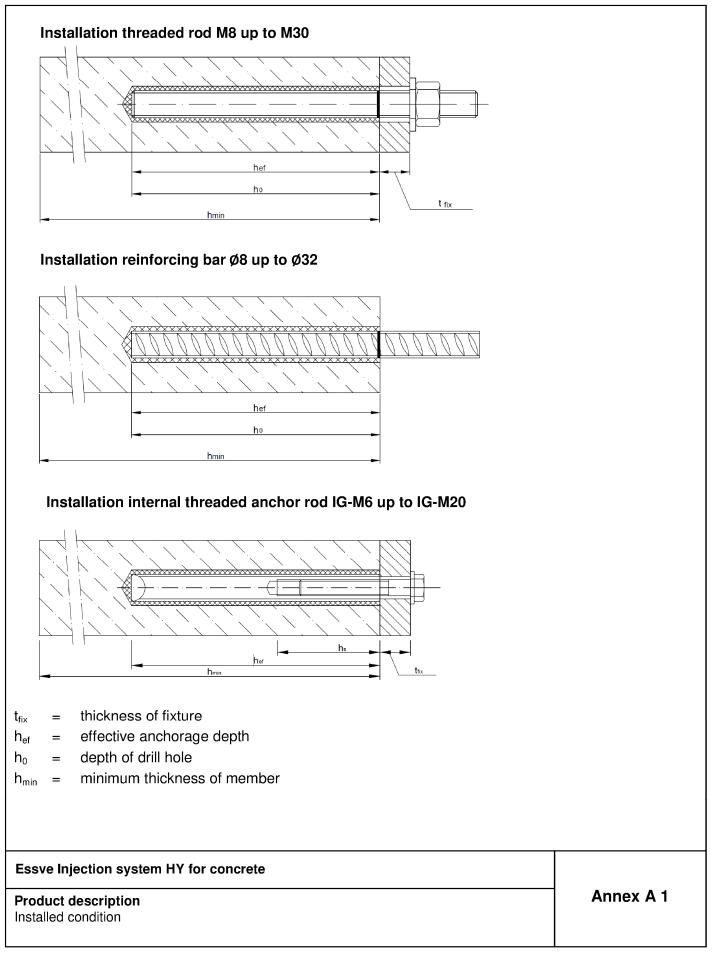
# 5 Technical details necessary for the implementation of the AVCP system, as provided for in the applicable European Assessment Document

Technical details necessary for the implementation of the AVCP system are laid down in the control plan deposited at Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik.

Issued in Berlin on 14 February 2019 by Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik

BD Dipl.-Ing. Andreas Kummerow Head of Department *beglaubigt:* Baderschneider



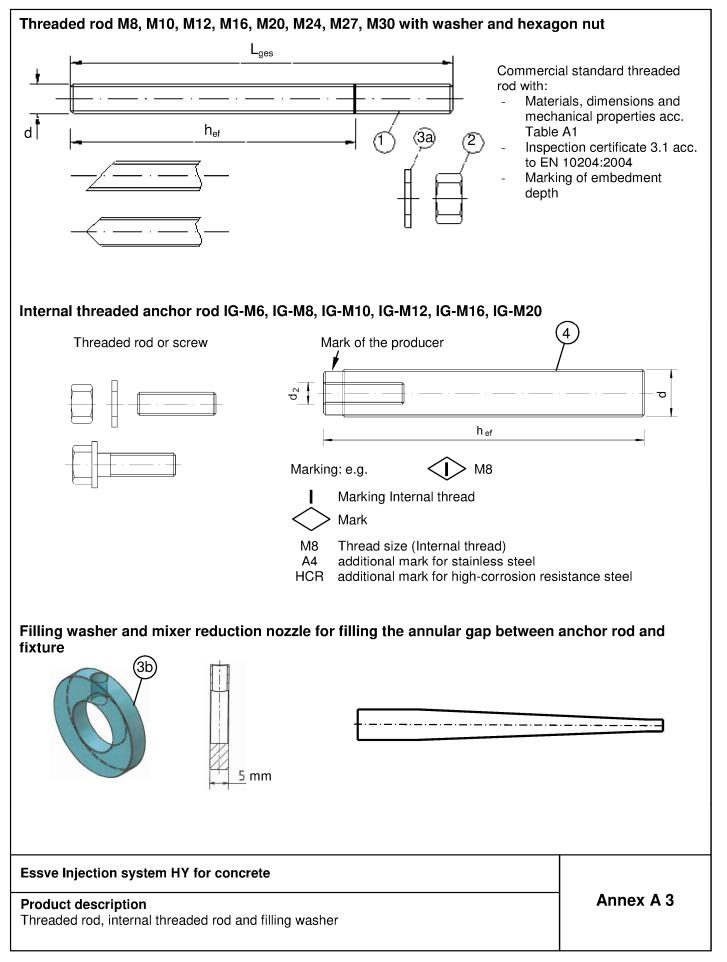


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Sealing/Screw cap Sealing/Screw cap Without travel scale	Π
235 ml, 345 ml up to 360 ml and 825 ml cartridge (Type: "side-by-side")	
Sealing/Screw cap	_
Static Mixer	
Essve Injection system HY for concrete         Product description         Injection system	







	ble A1: Materials				
<u>.</u>	Designation	Material	0004)		
	I, zinc plated (Steel acc. to EN 100 plated $\geq$ 5 µm acc. to EN ISO 4042:1			0 um ago to EN ISO 1461-2000	) and
	SO 10684:2004+AC:2009 or sherard				anu
		= +0 μm acc. to Ε		<sub>uk</sub> =400 N/mm²; f <sub>yk</sub> =240 N/mm²; A	- > 8% fracture elongation
		Property class		<sub>uk</sub> =400 N/mm²; f <sub>yk</sub> =320 N/mm²; A	
1	Anchor rod	Property class acc. to		<sub>uk</sub> =500 N/mm²; f <sub>vk</sub> =300 N/mm²; A	=
•		EN ISO 898-1:2013		<sub>uk</sub> =500 N/mm²; f <sub>vk</sub> =400 N/mm²; A	-
				<sub>uk</sub> =800 N/mm²; f <sub>yk</sub> =640 N/mm²; A	
		Droporty close		for anchor rod class 4.6 or 4.8	
2	Hexagon nut	Property class acc. to		for anchor rod class 5.6 or 5.8	
2		EN ISO 898-2:2012		for anchor rod class 8.8	
	Washer,		0 1		
3a	(z.B.: EN ISO 887:2006, EN ISO 7089:2000,				
	ÊN ISO 7093:2000 oder EN ISO 7094:2000)	Steel, zinc plated, hot-	dip galv	vanised or sherardized	
3b	Filling washer				
4	Internal threaded anchor rod	Property class acc. to	5.8 f	f <sub>uk</sub> =500 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; f <sub>yk</sub> =400 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ;	$A_5 > 8\%$ fracture elongation
•		EN ISO 898-1:2013	8.8 f	f <sub>uk</sub> =800 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; f <sub>yk</sub> =640 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ;	A <sub>5</sub> > 8% fracture elongatio
Stai	nless steel A2 (Material 1.4301 / 1.4	4303 / 1.4307 / 1.4567 o	or 1.454	41, acc. to EN 10088-1:2014)	
and					
Stai	nless steel A4 (Material 1.4401 / 1.4	4404 / 1.4571 / 1.4362 o			
		Property class		<sub>uk</sub> =500 N/mm²; f <sub>yk</sub> =210 N/mm²; A	
1	Anchor rod <sup>1)4)</sup>	acc. to		<sub>uk</sub> =700 N/mm²; f <sub>yk</sub> =450 N/mm²; A	
		EN ISO 3506-1:2009		<sub>uk</sub> =800 N/mm²; f <sub>yk</sub> =600 N/mm²; A	5 > 12% fracture elongation
		Property class		or anchor rod class 50	
2	Hexagon nut <sup>1)4)</sup>	acc. to	70 fe	or anchor rod class 70	
		EN ISO 3506-1:2009	80 fe	or anchor rod class 80	
3a	Washer, (z.B.: EN ISO 887:2006, EN ISO 7089:2000, EN ISO 7093:2000 oder EN ISO 7094:2000) Filling washer <sup>5)</sup>	A2: Material 1.4301 / 1 A4: Material 1.4401 / 1		/ 1.4307 / 1.4567 or 1.4541, EN	
3b	T ming macher			1.407171.4002 011.4070, EN	10088-1:2014
		Property class	50 f	f <sub>uk</sub> =500 N/mm²; f <sub>yk</sub> =210 N/mm²;	$A_5 > 8\%$ fracture elongatio
3b 4	Internal threaded anchor rod <sup>1)2)</sup>	acc. to	50 f		$A_5 > 8\%$ fracture elongatio
4	Internal threaded anchor rod <sup>1)2)</sup>	acc. to EN ISO 3506-1:2009	50 f <sub>t</sub> 70 f <sub>t</sub>	<sub>uk</sub> =500 N/mm²; f <sub>yk</sub> =210 N/mm²; <sub>uk</sub> =700 N/mm²; f <sub>yk</sub> =450 N/mm²;	$A_5 > 8\%$ fracture elongatio
4		acc. to EN ISO 3506-1:2009 ial 1.4529 or 1.4565, a	50 f <sub>t</sub> 70 f <sub>t</sub>	i <sub>uk</sub> =500 N/mm²; f <sub>yk</sub> =210 N/mm²; <sub>iuk</sub> =700 N/mm²; f <sub>yk</sub> =450 N/mm²; <b>EN 10088-1: 2014)</b>	$A_5 > 8\%$ fracture elongatio $A_5 > 8\%$ fracture elongatio
4 <del>l</del> igh	Internal threaded anchor rod <sup>1)2)</sup> corrosion resistance steel (Mater	acc. to EN ISO 3506-1:2009	50 f <sub>t</sub> 70 f <sub>t</sub> 50 f <sub>t</sub>	i <sub>uk</sub> =500 N/mm²; f <sub>yk</sub> =210 N/mm²; <sub>i<sub>uk</sub>=700 N/mm²; f<sub>yk</sub>=450 N/mm²; EN 10088-1: 2014) i<sub>uk</sub>=500 N/mm²; f<sub>yk</sub>=210 N/mm²; A</sub>	$A_5 > 8\%$ fracture elongatio $A_5 > 8\%$ fracture elongatio $_5 > 12\%$ fracture elongation
4 <del>l</del> igh	Internal threaded anchor rod <sup>1)2)</sup>	acc. to EN ISO 3506-1:2009 ial 1.4529 or 1.4565, an Property class	50 f <sub>t</sub> 70 f <sub>t</sub> <b>cc. to E</b> 50 f <sub>t</sub> 70 f <sub>t</sub>	i <sub>uk</sub> =500 N/mm²; f <sub>yk</sub> =210 N/mm²; i <sub>uk</sub> =700 N/mm²; f <sub>yk</sub> =450 N/mm²; EN 10088-1: 2014) i <sub>uk</sub> =500 N/mm²; f <sub>yk</sub> =210 N/mm²; A i <sub>uk</sub> =700 N/mm²; f <sub>yk</sub> =450 N/mm²; A	$A_5 > 8\%$ fracture elongatio $A_5 > 8\%$ fracture elongatio $_5 > 12\%$ fracture elongation $_5 > 12\%$ fracture elongation
4 <del>l</del> igh	Internal threaded anchor rod <sup>1)2)</sup> corrosion resistance steel (Mater	acc. to EN ISO 3506-1:2009 ial 1.4529 or 1.4565, an Property class acc. to EN ISO 3506-1:2009	50 f <sub>1</sub> 70 f <sub>1</sub> <b>cc. to E</b> 50 f <sub>1</sub> 70 f <sub>1</sub> 80 f <sub>1</sub>	$f_{uk}$ =500 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; $f_{yk}$ =210 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; $f_{uk}$ =700 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; $f_{yk}$ =450 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; <b>EN 10088-1: 2014</b> ) $f_{uk}$ =500 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; $f_{yk}$ =210 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; A $f_{uk}$ =700 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; $f_{yk}$ =450 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; A $f_{uk}$ =800 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; $f_{yk}$ =600 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; A	$A_5 > 8\%$ fracture elongatio $A_5 > 8\%$ fracture elongatio $_5 > 12\%$ fracture elongation $_5 > 12\%$ fracture elongation
4 High 1	Internal threaded anchor rod <sup>1)2)</sup> corrosion resistance steel (Mater Anchor rod <sup>1)</sup>	acc. to EN ISO 3506-1:2009 ial 1.4529 or 1.4565, a Property class acc. to EN ISO 3506-1:2009 Property class	50         ft           70         ft <b>cc. to E</b> 50         ft           70         ft           70         ft           70         ft           50         ft           50         ft           50         ft	$f_{uk}$ =500 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; $f_{yk}$ =210 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; $f_{uk}$ =700 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; $f_{yk}$ =450 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; <b>EN 10088-1: 2014)</b> $f_{uk}$ =500 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; $f_{yk}$ =210 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; A $f_{uk}$ =700 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; $f_{yk}$ =450 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; A $f_{uk}$ =800 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; $f_{yk}$ =600 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; A for anchor rod class 50	$A_5 > 8\%$ fracture elongatio $A_5 > 8\%$ fracture elongatio $_5 > 12\%$ fracture elongation $_5 > 12\%$ fracture elongation
4 High	Internal threaded anchor rod <sup>1)2)</sup> corrosion resistance steel (Mater	acc. to EN ISO 3506-1:2009 ial 1.4529 or 1.4565, an Property class acc. to EN ISO 3506-1:2009	50 f <sub>1</sub> 70 f <sub>1</sub> 50 f <sub>1</sub> 50 f <sub>1</sub> 70 f <sub>1</sub> 80 f <sub>1</sub> 50 f <sub>1</sub> 70 f <sub>1</sub>	$f_{uk}$ =500 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; $f_{yk}$ =210 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; $f_{uk}$ =700 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; $f_{yk}$ =450 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; <b>EN 10088-1: 2014</b> ) $f_{uk}$ =500 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; $f_{yk}$ =210 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; A $f_{uk}$ =700 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; $f_{yk}$ =450 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; A $f_{uk}$ =800 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; $f_{yk}$ =600 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; A for anchor rod class 50 for anchor rod class 70	$A_5 > 8\%$ fracture elongation $A_5 > 8\%$ fracture elongation 5 > 12% fracture elongation 5 > 12% fracture elongation
4 <b>High</b> 1 2	Internal threaded anchor rod <sup>1)2)</sup> corrosion resistance steel (Mater Anchor rod <sup>1)</sup> Hexagon nut <sup>1)</sup> Washer, (z.B.: EN ISO 887:2006, EN ISO 7089:2000,	acc. to EN ISO 3506-1:2009 ial 1.4529 or 1.4565, ac Property class acc. to EN ISO 3506-1:2009 Property class acc. to EN ISO 3506-1:2009		$f_{uk}$ =500 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; $f_{yk}$ =210 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; $f_{uk}$ =700 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; $f_{yk}$ =450 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; <b>EN 10088-1: 2014)</b> $f_{uk}$ =500 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; $f_{yk}$ =210 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; A $f_{uk}$ =700 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; $f_{yk}$ =450 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; A $f_{uk}$ =800 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; $f_{yk}$ =600 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; A for anchor rod class 50	$A_5 > 8\%$ fracture elongatio $A_5 > 8\%$ fracture elongatio $_5 > 12\%$ fracture elongation $_5 > 12\%$ fracture elongation
High 1 2 3a	Internal threaded anchor rod <sup>1)2)</sup> corrosion resistance steel (Mater Anchor rod <sup>1)</sup> Hexagon nut <sup>1)</sup> Washer, (z.B.: EN ISO 887:2006, EN ISO 7089:2000, EN ISO 7093:2000 oder EN ISO 7094:2000)	acc. to EN ISO 3506-1:2009 ial 1.4529 or 1.4565, ac Property class acc. to EN ISO 3506-1:2009 Property class acc. to EN ISO 3506-1:2009		$f_{uk}$ =500 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; $f_{yk}$ =210 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; $f_{uk}$ =700 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; $f_{yk}$ =450 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; <b>EN 10088-1: 2014)</b> $f_{uk}$ =500 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; $f_{yk}$ =210 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; A $f_{uk}$ =700 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; $f_{yk}$ =450 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; A $f_{uk}$ =800 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; $f_{yk}$ =600 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; A for anchor rod class 50 for anchor rod class 70 for anchor rod class 80	$A_5 > 8\%$ fracture elongation $A_5 > 8\%$ fracture elongation 5 > 12% fracture elongation 5 > 12% fracture elongation
4 High 1 2	Internal threaded anchor rod <sup>1)2)</sup> corrosion resistance steel (Mater Anchor rod <sup>1)</sup> Hexagon nut <sup>1)</sup> Washer, (z.B.: EN ISO 887:2006, EN ISO 7089:2000,	acc. to EN ISO 3506-1:2009 ial 1.4529 or 1.4565, and Property class acc. to EN ISO 3506-1:2009 Property class acc. to EN ISO 3506-1:2009 Material 1.4529 or 1.4		$f_{uk}$ =500 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; $f_{yk}$ =210 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; $f_{uk}$ =700 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; $f_{yk}$ =450 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; <b>EN 10088-1: 2014)</b> $f_{uk}$ =500 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; $f_{yk}$ =210 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; A $f_{uk}$ =700 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; $f_{yk}$ =450 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; A $f_{uk}$ =800 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; $f_{yk}$ =600 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; A for anchor rod class 50 for anchor rod class 70 for anchor rod class 80 c. to EN 10088-1: 2014	$A_5 > 8\%$ fracture elongation $A_5 > 8\%$ fracture elongation 5 > 12% fracture elongation 5 > 12% fracture elongation 5 > 12% fracture elongation 5 > 12% fracture elongation
4 1 2 3a	Internal threaded anchor rod <sup>1)2)</sup> corrosion resistance steel (Mater Anchor rod <sup>1)</sup> Hexagon nut <sup>1)</sup> Washer, (z.B.: EN ISO 887:2006, EN ISO 7089:2000, EN ISO 7093:2000 oder EN ISO 7094:2000)	acc. to EN ISO 3506-1:2009 ial 1.4529 or 1.4565, and Property class acc. to EN ISO 3506-1:2009 Property class acc. to EN ISO 3506-1:2009 Material 1.4529 or 1.44 Property class acc. to		$f_{uk}$ =500 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; $f_{yk}$ =210 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; $f_{uk}$ =700 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; $f_{yk}$ =450 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; <b>EN 10088-1: 2014)</b> $f_{uk}$ =500 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; $f_{yk}$ =210 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; A: $f_{uk}$ =700 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; $f_{yk}$ =450 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; A: $f_{uk}$ =800 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; $f_{yk}$ =600 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; A: for anchor rod class 50 for anchor rod class 70 for anchor rod class 80 c. to EN 10088-1: 2014 $f_{uk}$ =500 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; $f_{yk}$ =210 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ;	$A_5 > 8\%$ fracture elongatio $A_5 > 8\%$ fracture elongation 5 > 12% fracture elongation 5 > 12% fracture elongation 5 > 12% fracture elongation 5 > 12% fracture elongation 45 > 8% fracture elongation
4 High 1 2 3a 3b 4 (1) (2) (3) (4)	Internal threaded anchor rod <sup>1)2)</sup> corrosion resistance steel (Mater Anchor rod <sup>1)</sup> Hexagon nut <sup>1)</sup> Washer, (z.B.: EN ISO 887:2006, EN ISO 7089:2000, EN ISO 7093:2000 oder EN ISO 7094:2000) Filling washer	acc. to EN ISO 3506-1:2009 ial 1.4529 or 1.4565, and Property class acc. to EN ISO 3506-1:2009 Property class acc. to EN ISO 3506-1:2009 Material 1.4529 or 1.44 Property class acc. to EN ISO 3506-1:2009 24 and Internal threaded and thent for performance categrad		$f_{uk}$ =500 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; $f_{yk}$ =210 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; $f_{uk}$ =700 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; $f_{yk}$ =450 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; <b>EN 10088-1: 2014)</b> $f_{uk}$ =500 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; $f_{yk}$ =210 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; A: $f_{uk}$ =700 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; $f_{yk}$ =450 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; A: $f_{uk}$ =800 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; $f_{yk}$ =600 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; A: for anchor rod class 50 for anchor rod class 70 for anchor rod class 70 for anchor rod class 80 c. to EN 10088-1: 2014 $f_{uk}$ =500 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; $f_{yk}$ =210 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; $f_{uk}$ =700 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; $f_{yk}$ =450 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; $f_{uk}$ =700 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; $f_{yk}$ =450 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ;	$A_5 > 8\%$ fracture elongatio $A_5 > 8\%$ fracture elongation 5 > 12% fracture elongation 5 > 12% fracture elongation 5 > 12% fracture elongation 5 > 12% fracture elongation 45 > 8% fracture elongation
4 High 1 2 3a 3b 4 (1) (2) (3) (4) (5)	Internal threaded anchor rod <sup>1)2)</sup> corrosion resistance steel (Mater Anchor rod <sup>1)</sup> Hexagon nut <sup>1)</sup> Washer, (z.B.: EN ISO 887:2006, EN ISO 7089:2000, EN ISO 7093:2000 oder EN ISO 7089:2000) Filling washer Internal threaded anchor rod <sup>1) 2)</sup> Property class 70 for anchor rods up to N for IG-M20 only property class 50 A <sub>5</sub> > 8% fracture elongation if <u>no</u> requirem Property class 80 only for stainless steel	acc. to EN ISO 3506-1:2009 ial 1.4529 or 1.4565, and Property class acc. to EN ISO 3506-1:2009 Property class acc. to EN ISO 3506-1:2009 Material 1.4529 or 1.44 Property class acc. to EN ISO 3506-1:2009 24 and Internal threaded and thent for performance categrad		$f_{uk}$ =500 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; $f_{yk}$ =210 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; $f_{uk}$ =700 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; $f_{yk}$ =450 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; <b>EN 10088-1: 2014)</b> $f_{uk}$ =500 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; $f_{yk}$ =210 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; A: $f_{uk}$ =700 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; $f_{yk}$ =450 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; A: $f_{uk}$ =800 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; $f_{yk}$ =600 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; A: for anchor rod class 50 for anchor rod class 70 for anchor rod class 70 for anchor rod class 80 c. to EN 10088-1: 2014 $f_{uk}$ =500 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; $f_{yk}$ =210 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; $f_{uk}$ =700 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; $f_{yk}$ =450 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; $f_{uk}$ =700 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ; $f_{yk}$ =450 N/mm <sup>2</sup> ;	$A_5 > 8\%$ fracture elongation $A_5 > 8\%$ fracture elongation $F_5 > 12\%$ fracture elongation $F_5 > 12\%$ fracture elongation $F_5 > 12\%$ fracture elongation $F_5 > 12\%$ fracture elongation $F_5 > 8\%$ fracture elongation



Reir	nforcing bar Ø 8, Ø 10, Ø 12, Ø 14, Ø 10	6, Ø 20, Ø 24, Ø 25, Ø 28, Ø 32	
	h <sub>ef</sub>		
	<ul> <li>Minimum value of related rip area f<sub>R,min</sub> ac</li> <li>Rib height of the bar shall be in the range</li> </ul>		
	(d: Nominal diameter of the bar; h: Rip he		
Tab	le A2: Materials		
Part	Designation	Material	
Reinf	orcing bars		
1	Rebar EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010, Annex C	Bars and de-coiled rods class B or C $f_{yk}$ and k according to NDP or NCL of EN $f_{uk} = f_{tk} = k \cdot f_{yk}$	1992-1-1/NA
Essy	ve Injection system HY for concrete		
	luct description rials reinforcing bar		Annex A 5



### Specifications of intended use

#### Anchorages subject to:

- Static and quasi-static loads: M8 to M30, Rebar Ø8 to Ø32, IG-M6 to IG-M20.
- Seismic action for Performance Category C1: M8 to M30 (except hot-dip galvanised rods), Rebar Ø8 to Ø32.
- Seismic action for Performance Category C2: M12 to M24 (except hot-dip galvanised rods).

#### **Base materials:**

- · Reinforced or unreinforced normal weight concrete without fibres according to EN 206:2013.
- Strength classes C20/25 to C50/60 according to EN 206:2013.
- Non-cracked concrete: M8 to M30, Rebar Ø8 to Ø32, IG-M6 to IG-M20.
- Cracked concrete: M8 to M30, Rebar Ø8 to Ø32, IG-M6 to IG-M20.

#### **Temperature Range:**

- I: 40 °C to +80 °C (max long term temperature +50 °C and max short term temperature +80 °C)
- II: 40 °C to +120 °C (max long term temperature +72 °C and max short term temperature +120 °C)
- III: 40 °C to +160 °C (max long term temperature +100 °C and max short term temperature +160 °C)

#### Use conditions (Environmental conditions):

- Structures subject to dry internal conditions
- (zinc coated steel, stainless steel A2 resp. A4 or high corrosion resistant steel).
- Structures subject to external atmospheric exposure (including industrial and marine environment) and to permanently damp internal condition, if no particular aggressive conditions exist (stainless steel A4 or high corrosion resistant steel).
- Structures subject to external atmospheric exposure and to permanently damp internal condition, if other particular aggressive conditions exist (high corrosion resistant steel).

Note: Particular aggressive conditions are e.g. permanent, alternating immersion in seawater or the splash zone of seawater, chloride atmosphere of indoor swimming pools or atmosphere with extreme chemical pollution (e.g. in desulphurization plants or road tunnels where de-icing materials are used).

#### Design:

- Verifiable calculation notes and drawings are prepared taking account of the loads to be anchored. The position of the anchor is indicated on the design drawings (e. g. position of the anchor relative to reinforcement or to supports, etc.).
- Anchorages are designed under the responsibility of an engineer experienced in anchorages and concrete work.
- The anchorages are designed in accordance to:
  - EN 1992-4:2018 and Technical Report TR055

#### Installation:

- Dry, wet concrete or flooded bore holes (not sea-water): M8 to M30, Rebar Ø8 to Ø32, IG-M6 to IG-M20.
- Hole drilling by hammer (HD), hollow (HDB) or compressed air drill mode (CD).
- Overhead installation allowed.
- Anchor installation carried out by appropriately qualified personnel and under the supervision of the person responsible for technical matters of the site.

#### Essve Injection system HY for concrete

Intended Use Specifications Annex B 1



Table B1: Installatio	n parameters fo	or threa	aded ro	d					
Anchor size		M 8	M 10	M 12	M 16	M 20	M 24	M 27	M 30
Diameter of element	$d = d_{nom} [mm] =$	8	10	12	16	20	24	27	30
Nominal drill hole diameter	d <sub>0</sub> [mm] =	10	12	14	18	22	28	30	35
Effective embedment denth	h <sub>ef,min</sub> [mm] =	60	60	70	80	90	96	108	120
Effective embedment depth	h <sub>ef,max</sub> [mm] =	160	200	240	320	400	480	540	600
Diameter of clearance hole in the fixture <sup>1)</sup>	d <sub>f</sub> [mm] =	9	12	14	18	22	26	30	33
Maximum torque moment	T <sub>inst</sub> [Nm] ≤	10	20	40 <sup>2)</sup>	60	100	170	250	300
Minimum thickness of member	h <sub>min</sub> [mm]	-	<sub>∍f</sub> + 30 m ≥ 100 mn				$h_{ef} + 2d_0$		
Minimum spacing	s <sub>min</sub> [mm]	40	50	60	75	95	115	125	140
Minimum edge distance	c <sub>min</sub> [mm]	35	40	45	50	60	65	75	80

<sup>1)</sup> For application under seismic loading the diameter of clearance hole in the fixture shall be at maximum d<sub>1</sub> + 1mm or alternatively the annular gap between fixture and anchor rod shall be filled force-fit with mortar.

<sup>2)</sup> Maximum Torque moment for M12 with steel Grade 4.6 is 35 Nm

#### Table B2: Installation parameters for rebar

	Ø 8	Ø 10	Ø 12	Ø 14	Ø 16	Ø 20	Ø 24	Ø 25	Ø 28	Ø 32
d = d <sub>nom</sub> [mm] =	8	10	12	14	16	20	24	25	28	32
d <sub>0</sub> [mm] =	12	14	16	18	20	25	32	32	35	40
h <sub>ef,min</sub> [mm] =	60	60	70	75	80	90	96	100	112	128
h <sub>ef,max</sub> [mm] =	160	200	240	280	320	400	480	500	560	640
h <sub>min</sub> [mm]						h <sub>ef</sub> +	2d <sub>0</sub>			
s <sub>min</sub> [mm]	40	50	60	70	75	95	120	120	130	150
c <sub>min</sub> [mm]	35	40	45	50	50	60	70	70	75	85
	= d <sub>0</sub> [mm] = h <sub>ef,min</sub> [mm] = h <sub>ef,max</sub> [mm] = h <sub>min</sub> [mm] s <sub>min</sub> [mm]	$\begin{array}{c} d = d_{nom} \ [mm] \\ = \\ \\ d_0 \ [mm] = \\ \\ h_{ef,min} \ [mm] = \\ \\ h_{ef,max} \ [mm] = \\ \\ h_{min} \ [mm] \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} h_{ef} + 3 \\ \geq 100 \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\$	$\begin{array}{c cccc} d = d_{nom} \ [mm] \\ = \\ d_0 \ [mm] = \\ h_{ef,min} \ [mm] = \\ h_{ef,max} \ [mm] = \\ h_{ef,max} \ [mm] = \\ h_{ef} \ + \\ 30 \ mm \\ \ge \\ 100 \ mm \\ \hline \\ s_{min} \ [mm] \\ 40 \\ 50 \end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{c c} d = d_{nom} [mm] \\ = \\ d_0 [mm] = \\ 12 \\ \hline d_0 [mm] = \\ 12 \\ 14 \\ 16 \\ \hline h_{ef,min} [mm] = \\ 60 \\ 60 \\ 70 \\ \hline h_{ef,max} [mm] = \\ 160 \\ 200 \\ 240 \\ \hline h_{ef,max} [mm] \\ \hline h_{ef} + 30 \\ \hline mm \\ \ge 100 \\ mm \\ \hline s_{min} [mm] \\ 40 \\ 50 \\ 60 \\ \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{c cccc} d = d_{nom} [mm] \\ = \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ &$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $

#### Table B3: Installation parameters for Internal threaded rod

Anchor size		IG-M 6	IG-M 8	IG-M 10	IG-M 12	IG-M 16	IG-M 20
Internal diameter of sleeve	d <sub>2</sub> [mm] =	6	8	10	12	16	20
Outer diameter of sleeve <sup>1)</sup>	$d = d_{nom} [mm] =$	10	12	16	20	24	30
Nominal drill hole diameter	d <sub>0</sub> [mm] =	12	14	18	22	28	35
Effective embedment depth	h <sub>ef,min</sub> [mm] =	60	70	80	90	96	120
Effective embedment depth	h <sub>ef,max</sub> [mm] =	200	240	320	400	480	600
Diameter of clearance hole in the fixture	d <sub>f</sub> [mm] =	7	9	12	14	18	22
Maximum torque moment	T <sub>inst</sub> [Nm] ≤	10	10	20	40	60	100
Thread engagement length min/max	l <sub>IG</sub> [mm] =	8/20	8/20	10/25	12/30	16/32	20/40
Minimum thickness of member	h <sub>min</sub> [mm]		30 mm ) mm		h <sub>ef</sub> +	2d <sub>0</sub>	
Minimum spacing	s <sub>min</sub> [mm]	50	60	75	95	115	140
Minimum edge distance	c <sub>min</sub> [mm]	40	45	50	60	65	80

With metric threads according to EN 1993-1-8:2005+AC:2009

#### Essve Injection system HY for concrete

Intended Use Installation parameters Annex B 2



	61111666666666666		2		1999999999999						
Threaded Rod	Rebar	Internal threaded rod	d₀ Drill bit - Ø HD, HDB, CA	d Brus	<sup>l</sup> ₀ h - Ø	d <sub>b,min</sub> min. Brush - Ø	Piston plug		on directior f piston plu		
[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]		[mm]	[mm]				1	
M8			10	RB10	11,5	10,5				0000000000	
M10	8	IG-M6	12	RB12	13,5	12,5	1	NI. 1			
M12	10	IG-M8	14	RB14	15,5	14,5	1	ino binč	required		
	12		16	RB16	17,5	16,5	]				
M16	14	IG-M10	18	RB18	20,0	18,5	VS18				
	16		20	RB20	22,0	20,5	VS20				
M20		IG-M12	22	RB22	24,0	22,5	VS22				
	20		25	RB25	27,0	25,5	VS25		h \		
M24		IG-M16	28	RB28	30,0	28,5	VS28	h <sub>ef</sub> >	h <sub>ef</sub> >	all	
M27			30	RB30	31,8	30,5	VS30	250 mm	250 mm		
	24 / 25		32	RB32	34,0	32,5	VS32				
M30	28	IG-M20	35	RB35	37,0	35,5	VS35				
Drill bit dia Drill hole o						<b>: - Rec. con</b> bit diameter (			) 🛛 🔪 (min 6 bar	)	
		erhead or h	norizontal			eel brush F				∃	
Piston p installat					Dr	ill bit diamete	$\operatorname{r}(\mathfrak{a}_0)$ : all	diameters			



Drilling of the bore	hole	
	Drill with hammer drill a hole into the base material to the size and required by the selected anchor (Table B1, B2, or B3), with hammer or compressed air drilling. The use of a hollow drill bit is only in consufficient vacuum permitted. In case of aborted drill hole: The drill hole shall be filled with mortal sector.	ner (HD), hollow (HDB) ombination with a
	Attention! Standing water in the bore hole must be removed before	ore cleaning.
AC: Cleaning for I	bore hole diameter $d_0 \le 20$ mm and bore hole depth $h_0 \le 10d_{nom}$ (und	cracked concrete only!
4x	<ul> <li>2a. Starting from the bottom or back of the bore hole, blow the hole cl (Annex B 3) a minimum of four times.</li> </ul>	lean by a hand pump
	<ul> <li>2b. Check brush diameter (Table B4). Brush the hole with an appropr</li> <li>&gt; d<sub>b,min</sub> (Table B4) a minimum of four times in a twisting motion.</li> <li>If the bore hole ground is not reached with the brush, a brush ext</li> </ul>	
4x	2c. Finally blow the hole clean again with a hand pump (Annex B 3) a	a minimum of four times
CAC: Cleaning for a	all bore hole diameter in uncracked and cracked concrete	
2x	2a. Starting from the bottom or back of the bore hole, blow the hole c compressed air (min. 6 bar) (Annex B 3) a minimum of two times stream is free of noticeable dust. If the bore hole ground is not rea extension must be used.	until return air
	<b>2b.</b> Check brush diameter (Table B4). Brush the hole with an appropriate $d_{b,min}$ (Table B4) a minimum of two times in a twisting motion. If the bore hole ground is not reached with the brush, a brush external structure of the bore hole ground is not reached with the brush.	
2x	2c. Finally blow the hole clean again with compressed air (min. 6 bar) minimum of two times until return air stream is free of noticeable or ground is not reached an extension must be used.	
	After cleaning, the bore hole has to be protected against re-co an appropriate way, until dispensing the mortar in the bore ho the cleaning has to be repeated directly before dispensing the In-flowing water must not contaminate the bore hole again.	ole. If necessary,
Essve Injection sys	stem HY for concrete	
ntended Use		Annex B 4



Installation inst	ructions (continuation)	
	3. Attach the supplied static-mixing nozzle to the cartridge and load th correct dispensing tool. For every working interruption longer than the recommended work well as for new cartridges, a new static-mixer shall be used.	
ter her -i	Prior to inserting the anchor rod into the filled bore hole, the position depth shall be marked on the anchor rods.	on of the embedment
min. 3 full stroke	5 Prior to dispensing into the anchor hole, squeeze out separately a r strokes and discard non-uniformly mixed adhesive components unt consistent grey colour.	
	6. Starting from the bottom or back of the cleaned anchor hole, fill the approximately two-thirds with adhesive. Slowly withdraw the static mole fills to avoid creating air pockets. If the bottom or back of the areached, an appropriate extension nozzle must be used. Observe t given in Table B5.	mixing nozzle as the nchor hole is not
	<ul> <li>7. Piston plugs and mixer nozzle extensions shall be used according to following applications:         <ul> <li>Horizontal assembly (horizontal direction) and ground erection direction): Drill bit-Ø d₀ ≥ 18 mm and embedment depth h<sub>ef</sub> &gt; 2</li> <li>Overhead assembly (vertical upwards direction): Drill bit-Ø d₀ ≥</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	(vertical downwards 250mm
	8. Push the threaded rod or reinforcing bar into the anchor hole while ensure positive distribution of the adhesive until the embedment de The anchor shall be free of dirt, grease, oil or other foreign material	pth is reached.
	9. Be sure that the anchor is fully seated at the bottom of the hole and visible at the top of the hole. If these requirements are not maintain to be renewed. For overhead application the anchor rod shall be fix	ned, the application has
+20°C	10. Allow the adhesive to cure to the specified time prior to applying an not move or load the anchor until it is fully cured (attend Table B5)	
Tinst.	11. After full curing, the add-on part can be installed with up to the mate (Table B1 or B3) by using a calibrated torque wrench. It can be op- gap between anchor and fixture with mortar. Therefor substitute the washer and connect the mixer reduction nozzle to the tip of the mixer filled with mortar, when mortar oozes out of the washer.	tional filled the annular e washer by the filling
Essve Injection sy	stem HY for concrete	
Intended Use	ons (continuation)	Annex B 5



Concrete			king time and mini Gelling working time	Minimum curing time in dry concrete	Minimum curing time in wet concrete
0 °C	to	+ 4 °C	25 min	3,5 h	7 h
+ 5 °C	to	+ 9 °C	15 min	2 h	4 h
+ 10 °C	to	+ 14 °C	10 min	1 h	2 h
+ 15 °C	to	+ 19 °C	6 min	40 min	80 min
+ 20 °C	to	+ 29 °C	3 min	30 min	60 min
+ 30 °C	to	+ 40 °C	2 min	30 min	60 min
Cartridge	temp	erature		+5°C to +40°C	
Essve Injecti	on sy	/stem HY for c	concrete		



#### Table C1: Characteristic values for steel tension resistance and steel shear resistance of threaded rods Size M 8 M 10 M 12 M 16 M 20 M24 M 27 M 30 Cross section area As [mm<sup>2</sup>] 36,6 58 84,3 157 245 353 459 561 Characteristic tension resistance, Steel failure 1) Steel, Property class 4.6 and 4.8 $N_{\mathsf{Rk},\mathsf{s}}$ [kN] 15 (13) 23 (21) 34 63 98 141 184 224 $N_{Rk,s}$ Steel, Property class 5.6 and 5.8 [kN] 18 (17) 29 (27) 42 78 122 176 230 280 Steel, Property class 8.8 29 (27) 46 (43) 125 $N_{\mathsf{Rk},\mathsf{s}}$ [kN] 67 196 282 368 449 Stainless steel A2, A4 and HCR, Property class 50 N<sub>Rk,s</sub> 42 79 123 177 230 281 [kN] 18 29 N<sub>Rk,s</sub> Stainless steel A2, A4 and HCR, Property class 70 [kN] 26 41 59 110 171 247 $N_{\mathsf{Rk},\mathsf{s}}$ Stainless steel A4 and HCR, Property class 80 [kN] 29 46 67 126 196 282 --Characteristic tension resistance, Partial factor<sup>2)</sup> Steel, Property class 4.6 2,0 [-] YMs.N Steel, Property class 4.8 1.5 [-] γMs.N Steel, Property class 5.6 [-] 2.0 γMs,N Steel, Property class 5.8 [-] 1,5 γMs.N Steel, Property class 8.8 γMs,N [-] 1,5 Stainless steel A2, A4 and HCR, Property class 50 [-] 2,86 γMs,N Stainless steel A2, A4 and HCR, Property class 70 [-] 1,87 γMs,N Stainless steel A4 and HCR, Property class 80 γMs.N [-] 1.6 Characteristic shear resistance, Steel failure 1) V<sup>0</sup><sub>Rk,s</sub> Steel, Property class 4.6 and 4.8 [kN] 9 (8) 14 (13) 20 38 59 85 110 135 arm Steel, Property class 5.6 and 5.8 V<sup>0</sup><sub>Rk,s</sub> 21 115 140 [kN] 9 (8) 15 (13) 39 61 88 lever Steel, Property class 8.8 V<sup>0</sup><sub>Rk,s</sub> [kN] 15 (13) 23 (21) 34 63 98 141 184 224 Stainless steel A2, A4 and HCR, Property class 50 $V^{0}_{Rk,s}$ [kN] 9 15 21 39 61 88 115 140 Without V<sup>0</sup><sub>Rk,s</sub> Stainless steel A2, A4 and HCR, Property class 70 [kN] 13 20 30 55 86 124 --V<sup>0</sup><sub>Rk,s</sub> Stainless steel A4 and HCR, Property class 80 [kN] 15 23 34 63 98 141 -Steel, Property class 4.6 and 4.8 M<sup>0</sup><sub>Rk,s</sub> 15 (13) 30 (27) 52 133 260 449 666 900 [Nm] Steel, Property class 5.6 and 5.8 M<sup>0</sup><sub>Rk,s</sub> 19 (16) 37 (33) 324 1123 [Nm] 65 166 560 833 arm M<sup>0</sup>Rk,s 30 (26) 266 519 896 1797 Steel, Property class 8.8 [Nm] 60 (53) 105 1333 lever Stainless steel A2, A4 and HCR, Property class 50 832 M<sup>0</sup><sub>Bk.s</sub> [Nm] 19 37 66 167 325 561 1125 With Stainless steel A2, A4 and HCR, Property class 70 M<sup>0</sup><sub>Rk.s</sub> [Nm] 26 52 92 232 454 784 \_ -Stainless steel A4 and HCR, Property class 80 30 59 105 266 519 896 M<sup>0</sup><sub>Rk,s</sub> [Nm] --Characteristic shear resistance, Partial factor 2) Steel, Property class 4.6 1.67 γMs,V [-] Steel, Property class 4.8 [-] 1.25 γMs,V Steel, Property class 5.6 [-] 1,67 γMs.V Steel, Property class 5.8 [-] 1,25 γMs,V Steel, Property class 8.8 [-] 1.25 γMs,V Stainless steel A2, A4 and HCR, Property class 50 2,38 [-] γ<sub>Ms.V</sub> Stainless steel A2, A4 and HCR, Property class 70 [-] 1,56 γMs,V Stainless steel A4 and HCR, Property class 80 [-] 1,33 γMs.V

<sup>1)</sup> Values are only valid for the given stress area A<sub>s</sub>. Values in brackets are valid for undersized threaded rods with smaller stress area A<sub>s</sub> for hotdip galvanised threaded rods according to EN ISO 10684:2004+AC:2009.

<sup>2)</sup> in absence of national regulation

#### Essve Injection system HY for concrete

#### Performances

Characteristic values for steel tension resistance and steel shear resistance of threaded rods

Annex C 1



	aracteristic valu smic action (pe					atic, q	uasi-	static	actio	n and	l
Anchor size threaded	· · ·		<b>J</b>	M 8	M 10	M 12	M 16	M 20	M24	M27	M30
Steel failure											
Characteristic tension re	eistance	N <sub>Rk,s</sub>	[kN]			A <sub>s</sub> •	f <sub>uk</sub> (or se	e Table	C1)		
		N <sub>Rk,eq,C1</sub>	[kN]				1,0 •	$N_{Rk,s}$			
Characteristic tension re Steel, strength class 8.8 Stainless Steel A4 and I Strength class ≥70	<i>,</i>	N <sub>Rk,eq,C2</sub>	[kN]	N	PA		1,0 •			NF	PA
Partial factor		γMs,N	[-]				see Ta	ble C1			
Combined pull-out and											
	stance in non-cracked co	oncrete C20/25	1		1						
Temperature range I: 80°C/50°C	- Dry, wet concrete	$ au_{Rk,ucr}$	[N/mm <sup>2</sup> ]	17	17	16	15	14	13	13	13
Temperature range II: 120°C/72°C	and flooded bore hole	$\tau_{\rm Rk,ucr}$	[N/mm <sup>2</sup> ]	15	14	14	13	12	12	11	11
Temperature range III: 160°C/100°C		$ au_{\text{Rk,ucr}}$	[N/mm <sup>2</sup> ]	12	11	11	10	9,5	9,0	9,0	9,0
Characteristic bond resi	stance in cracked concre	ete C20/25		_	_					_	
Temperature range I: 80°C/50°C		$\tau_{\text{Rk,cr}} = \tau_{\text{Rk, eq,C1}}$	[N/mm <sup>2</sup> ]	7,0	7,5	8,0	9,0	8,5	7,0	7,0	7,0
	Dry, wet concrete	τ <sub>Rk, eq,C2</sub>	[N/mm <sup>2</sup> ]	6,0	PA 6,5	3,6 7,0	3,5 7,5	3,3 7,0	2,3 6,0	NF 6,0	-A 6,0
Temperature range II: 120°C/72°C	and	$\tau_{\rm Rk,cr} = \tau_{\rm Rk, eq,C1}$ $\tau_{\rm Rk, eq,C2}$	[N/mm <sup>2</sup> ]		PA	3,1	3,0	2,8	2,0	0,0 NF	,
Temperature range III:	flooded bore hole	$\tau_{\text{Rk, eq,C2}}$ $\tau_{\text{Rk,cr}} = \tau_{\text{Rk, eq,C1}}$	[N/mm <sup>2</sup> ]	5,5	5,5	6,0	6,5	6,0	5,5	5,5	5,5
160°C/100°C		TRk, eq,C2	[N/mm <sup>2</sup> ]		PA	2,5	2,7	2,5	1,8	NF	
		C25/30	)				1,0	02			
	novoto	C30/37					1,0				
Increasing factors for co (only static or quasi-stat		C35/45					1,0				
Ψο	,	C40/50					1,0				
		C45/55					1,0 1,1				
Concrete cone failure		0.50/60	J				١,	10			
Non-cracked concrete		k <sub>ucr,N</sub>	[-]				11	,0			
Cracked concrete		k <sub>cr,N</sub>	[-]				7,	,7			
Edge distance		C <sub>cr,N</sub>	[mm]				1,5	h <sub>ef</sub>			
Axial distance		S <sub>cr,N</sub>	[mm]				2 c	cr.N			
Splitting								.,			
	h/h <sub>ef</sub> ≥ 2,0						1,0	h <sub>ef</sub>			
Edge distance	2,0 > h/h <sub>ef</sub> > 1,3	C <sub>cr,sp</sub>	[mm]			2	$2 \cdot h_{ef} \left( 2 \right)$	$5 - \frac{h}{h_{ef}}$	)		
	h/h <sub>ef</sub> ≤ 1,3						2,4	h <sub>ef</sub>			
Axial distance		S <sub>cr,sp</sub>	[mm]				2 c	cr,sp			
Installation factor											
for dry and wet concrete	e (MAC)	γinst	[-]		1	,2		No Per	rformance	Assessed	(NPA)
for dry and wet concrete	e (CAC)	γinst	[-]				1,	,0			
for flooded bore hole (C	AC)	γinst	[-]				1,	,4			
Essve Injection s	ystem HY for conc	rete							_		
	s of tension loads und ormance category C1+		static actio	n and					Ann	ex C 2	2



Table C3: Characteristic va seismic action (p						c, qua	asi-sta	tic ac	tion and	ł
Anchor size threaded rod			M 8	M 10	M 12	M 16	M 20	M24	M 27	M 30
Steel failure without lever arm				1	_1		1	1		
Characteristic shear resistance Steel, strength class 4.6 and 4.8	V <sup>0</sup> <sub>Rk,s</sub>	[kN]			0,6	• A <sub>s</sub> • f <sub>uk</sub>	(or see T	able C1)		
Characteristic shear resistance Steel, strength class 5.6, 5.8 and 8.8 Stainless Steel A2, A4 and HCR, all classes	V <sup>0</sup> <sub>Rk,s</sub>	[kN]			0,5	• A <sub>s</sub> • f <sub>uk</sub>	(or see T	able C1)		
Characteristic shear resistance (Seismic C1)	$V_{Rk,s,eq,C1}$	[kN]				0,7	70 • V <sup>0</sup> <sub>Rk,s</sub>			
Characteristic shear resistance (Seismic C2), Steel, strength class 8.8 Stainless Steel A4 and HCR, Strength class ≥70	V <sub>Rk,s,eq,C2</sub>	[kN]	N	PA		0,70	• V <sup>0</sup> <sub>Rk,s</sub>		N	PA
Partial factor	γMs,V	[-]				see	Table C1			
Ductility factor	k <sub>7</sub>	[-]					1,0			
Steel failure with lever arm	•									
	M <sup>0</sup> <sub>Rk,s</sub>	[Nm]			1,2	$oldsymbol{\cdot} W_{el}oldsymbol{\cdot} f_{uk}$	(or see T	able C1)		
Characteristic bending moment	M <sup>0</sup> <sub>Rk,s,eq,C1</sub>	[Nm]			No P	erformar	ice Asses	sed (NPA	.)	
	M <sup>0</sup> <sub>Rk,s,eq,C2</sub>	[Nm]			No P	erformar	ice Asses	sed (NPA	)	
Partial factor	γMs,V	[-]				see	Table C1			
Concrete pry-out failure										
Factor	k <sub>8</sub>	[-]					2,0			
Installation factor	γinst	[-]					1,0			
Concrete edge failure										
Effective length of fastener	lf	[mm]			min(h <sub>ef</sub> ; 1	l2•d <sub>nom</sub> )			min(h <sub>ef</sub> ;	300mm)
Outside diameter of fastener	d <sub>nom</sub>	[mm]	8	10	12	16	20	24	27	30
Installation factor	γinst	[-]					1,0			
Factor for annular gap	$\alpha_{gap}$	[-]				0,	.5 (1,0) <sup>1)</sup>			
<sup>1)</sup> Value in brackets valid for filled annular gat required	) between ar	nchor an	d clearan	ce hole i	n the fixtur	e. Use of	f special fi	lling wash	ner Annex A	3 is

### Essve Injection system HY for concrete

Performances

Characteristic values of shear loads under static, quasi-static action and seismic action (performance category C1+C2)

Annex C 3



Anchor size internal t	hreaded anchor rods			IG-M 6	IG-M 8	IG-M 10	IG-M 12	IG-M 16	IG-M 20
Steel failure <sup>1)</sup>									
Characteristic tension r Steel, strength class 5.8		N <sub>Rk,s</sub>	[kN]	10	17	29	42	76	123
Partial factor	5	γ <sub>Ms,N</sub>	[-]			1,	5		
Characteristic tension r		N <sub>Rk.s</sub>	[kN]	16	27	46	67	121	196
Steel, strength class 8.8 Partial factor	3	γ <sub>Ms,N</sub>	[-]			1.	5		
Characteristic tension r		N <sub>Rk,s</sub>	[kN]	14	26	41	59	110	124
	HCR, Strength class 70 <sup>2)</sup>			14	20		55	110	
Partial factor	d concrete cone failure	γMs,N	[-]			1,87			2,86
	istance in non-cracked concre	ete C20/25							
Temperature range I: 80°C/50°C		$\tau_{Rk,ucr}$	[N/mm²]	17	16	15	14	13	13
Temperature range II: 120°C/72°C	Dry, wet concrete and flooded bore hole	$ au_{Rk,ucr}$	[N/mm <sup>2</sup> ]	14	14	13	12	12	11
Temperature range III: 160°C/100°C		$\tau_{Rk,ucr}$	[N/mm²]	11	11	10	9,5	9,0	9,0
Characteristic bond res Temperature range I:	istance in cracked concrete C	20/25							
80°C/50°C Temperature range II:	Dry, wet concrete and	$\tau_{Rk,cr}$	[N/mm <sup>2</sup> ]	7,5	8,0	9,0	8,5	7,0	7,0
120°C/72°C Temperature range III:	flooded bore hole	$\tau_{\rm Rk,cr}$	[N/mm <sup>2</sup> ]	6,5	7,0	7,5	7,0	6,0	6,0
160°C/100°C		τ <sub>Rk,cr</sub>	[N/mm <sup>2</sup> ]	5,5	6,0	6,5	6,0	5,5	5,5
			30/37			1,0			
Increasing factors for co	oncrete		35/45			1,0			
$\psi_c$			40/50			1,0			
		С	45/55			1,0	09		
<u> </u>		C	50/60			1,	10		
Concrete cone failure									
Non-cracked concrete		k <sub>ucr,N</sub>	[-]			11 	,		
Edge distance		C <sub>cr,N</sub>	[mm]			1,5			
Axial distance		S <sub>cr,N</sub>	[mm]			2 c			
Splitting failure									
	h/h <sub>ef</sub> ≥ 2,0					1,0	h <sub>ef</sub>		
Edge distance	$2,0 > h/h_{of} > 1,3$	C <sub>cr,sp</sub>	[mm]			$2 \cdot h_{ef} \bigg( 2,$	$5-\frac{h}{h_{ef}}$		
	h/h <sub>ef</sub> ≤ 1,3					2,4	h <sub>ef</sub>		
Axial distance	·	S <sub>cr,sp</sub>	[mm]			2 c	cr,sp		
Installation factor									
for dry and wet concret	e (MAC)	γinst	[-]		1,2		No Perfor	mance Asses	sed (NPA)
for dry and wet concret	e (CAC)	γinst	[-]			1,	0		
for flooded bore hole (C	(AC)	Yinst	[-]			1.			
<sup>1)</sup> Fastening so threaded roo and the fasteners	crews or threaded rods (incl. r d. The characteristic tension re ening element. strength class 50 is valid	ut and wash	er) must con			e material a	nd property		
Feeve Injection (	system HY for concret	<u>م</u>							



Anchor size for internal threaded a	nchor rods		IG-M 6	IG-M 8	IG-M 10	IG-M 12	IG-M 16	IG-M 20
Steel failure without lever arm <sup>1)</sup>				•				
Characteristic shear resistance, Steel, strength class 5.8	V <sup>0</sup> <sub>Rk,s</sub>	[kN]	5	9	15	21	38	61
Partial factor	γм₅,∨	[-]		1	1	1,25	1	
Characteristic shear resistance, Steel, strength class 8.8	V <sup>0</sup> <sub>Rk,s</sub>	[kN]	8	14	23	34	60	98
Partial factor	γMs,V	[-]		1	I	1,25	1	
Characteristic shear resistance, Stainless Steel A4 and HCR, Strength class 70 <sup>2)</sup>	V <sup>0</sup> <sub>Rk,s</sub>	[kN]	7	13	20	30	55	40
Partial factor	γMs,V	[-]			1,56			2,38
Ductility factor	k <sub>7</sub>	[-]				1,0		
Steel failure with lever arm <sup>1)</sup>								
Characteristic bending moment, Steel, strength class 5.8	M <sup>0</sup> <sub>Rk,s</sub>	[Nm]	8	19	37	66	167	325
Partial factor	γMs,V	[-]		1	1	1,25	1	
Characteristic bending moment, Steel, strength class 8.8	M <sup>0</sup> <sub>Rk,s</sub>	[Nm]	12	30	60	105	267	519
Partial factor	ŶMs,V	[-]		1	1	1,25	1	
Characteristic bending moment, Stainless Steel A4 and HCR, Strength class 70 <sup>2)</sup>	M <sup>0</sup> <sub>Rk,s</sub>	[Nm]	11	26	52	92	233	456
Partial factor	γMs,V	[-]			1,56			2,38
Concrete pry-out failure								
actor	k <sub>8</sub>	[-]				2,0		
nstallation factor	γinst	[-]				1,0		
Concrete edge failure	I							
Effective length of fastener	<sub>f</sub>	[mm]		mi	n(h <sub>ef</sub> ; 12 • d <sub>r</sub>	om)		min(h <sub>ef</sub> ; 300mm)
Outside diameter of fastener	d <sub>nom</sub>	[mm]	10	12	16	20	24	30
nstallation factor	γinst	[-]				1,0		
<ol> <li>Fastening screws or threa threaded rod. The charact and the fastening element</li> <li>For IG-M20 strength class</li> </ol>	eristic tension re	ut and wash esistance for	her) must co r steel failure	mply with the	e appropriate	e material an ass are valid	d property c for the inter	lass of the internal nal threaded rod
Essve Injection system HY	for concrete	9						



Table C6: Cha			ues of te erforman				er sta	atic,	quas	si-sta	tic ad	ction	and	
Anchor size reinforcing			Jiroman	<u></u>	Ø8. 9	Ø 10	Ø 12	Ø 14	Ø 16	Ø 20	Ø 24	Ø 25	Ø 28	Ø 32
Steel failure	Jui				20	210	212	214	210	020	024	025	0 20	2 32
Characteristic tension res	istance		$N_{Rk,s}$	[kN]						• f <sub>uk</sub> <sup>1)</sup>				
			N <sub>Rk,s, eq</sub>	[kN]					1,0 • 4	$A_{s} \cdot f_{uk}^{(1)}$				
Cross section area			As	[mm²]	50	79	113	154	201	314	452	491	616	804
Partial factor			γMs,N	[-]					1,	4 <sup>2)</sup>				
Combined pull-out and														
Characteristic bond resist	tance in non-	cracked o	concrete C20/2	25			1		1					
Temperature range I: 80°C/50°C	Dry, wet co	ncrete	$\tau_{\text{Rk,ucr}}$	[N/mm <sup>2</sup> ]	14	14	14	14	13	13	13	13	13	13
Temperature range II: 120°C/72°C	and flooded bore		$\tau_{\text{Rk,ucr}}$	[N/mm²]	13	12	12	12	12	11	11	11	11	11
Temperature range III: 160°C/100°C			τ <sub>Rk,ucr</sub>	[N/mm²]	9,5	9,5	9,5	9,0	9,0	9,0	9,0	9,0	8,5	8,5
Characteristic bond resist	tance in cracl	ked conci	rete C20/25	1					1					
Temperature range I: 80°C/50°C	Dry, wet co	ncrete	$\tau_{\text{Rk,cr}} = \tau_{\text{Rk, eq}}$	[N/mm <sup>2</sup> ]	5,5	5,5	6,0	6,5	6,5	6,5	6,5	7,0	7,0	7,0
Temperature range II: 120°C/72°C	and flooded bord		$\tau_{\text{Rk,cr}} = \tau_{\text{Rk, eq}}$	[N/mm <sup>2</sup> ]	4,5	5,0	5,0	5,5	5,5	5,5	5,5	6,0	6,0	6,0
Temperature range III: 160°C/100°C			$\tau_{\text{Rk,cr}} = \tau_{\text{Rk, eq}}$	[N/mm²]	4,0	4,5	4,5	5,0	5,0	5,0	5,0	5,0	5,0	5,0
				5/30						,02				
Increasing factors for con	crete			0/37						,04				
(only static or quasi-static				5/45						,07				
Ψc				0/50 5/55						,08				
				0/60						,09 ,10				
Concrete cone failure			0.00	5/00					١,	,10				
Non-cracked concrete			k <sub>ucr.N</sub>	[-]					1.	1,0				
Cracked concrete			k <sub>cr,N</sub>	[-]						,,0 .7				
Edge distance										,, 5 h <sub>ef</sub>				
			C <sub>cr,N</sub>	[mm]										
Axial distance			S <sub>cr,N</sub>	[mm]					20	C <sub>cr,N</sub>				
Splitting				1	1									
	h/h <sub>ef</sub> ≥ 2,0								1,0	) h <sub>ef</sub>				
Edge distance	2,0 > h/h <sub>ef</sub> >	1,3	C <sub>cr,sp</sub>	[mm]				2	$\cdot h_{ef} \left( 2 \right)$	$4,5 - \frac{h}{h_{ef}}$	-)			
	h/h <sub>ef</sub> ≤ 1,3								2.4	1 h <sub>ef</sub>	,			
Axial distance	., ,		S <sub>cr,sp</sub>	[mm]					20	Ccr.sp				
Installation factor			Bcr,sp	[ []					2.	-cr,sp				
for dry and wet concrete			γinst	[-]			1,2			No	Performa	ance Ass	essed (N	
for dry and wet concrete			Yinst	[-]			.,=		1	,0				
for flooded bore hole (CA	. ,		γinst	[-]						,4				
<sup>1)</sup> f <sub>uk</sub> shall be taken <sup>2)</sup> in absence of nat	from the spe	cifications on		bars										
Essve Injection sy	vstem HY	for con	crete								•	nne	/ <b>(</b> ) e	
Performances Characteristic values seismic action (perfor				asi-static a	action a	and					д	(iiiie)		



Table C7: Characteristic value seismic action (per					stati	c, qu	asi-s	static	acti	on a	nd	
Anchor size reinforcing bar			Ø 8	Ø 10	Ø 12	Ø 14	Ø 16	Ø 20	Ø 24	Ø 25	Ø 28	Ø 32
Steel failure without lever arm												
	V <sup>0</sup> <sub>Rk,s</sub>	[kN]					0,50 · /	A <sub>s</sub> ∙ f <sub>uk</sub> <sup>1)</sup>				
Characteristic shear resistance	V <sub>Rk,s,eq</sub>	[kN]					0,35 · /	$A_{s} \cdot f_{uk}^{(1)}$				
Cross section area	A <sub>s</sub>	[mm²]	50	79	113	154	201	314	452	491	616	804
Partial factor	γмѕ,∨	[-]					1,	5 <sup>2)</sup>				
Ductility factor	k <sub>7</sub>	[-]					1	,0				
Steel failure with lever arm												
Obevectovictic bending memory	M <sup>0</sup> <sub>Rk,s</sub>	[Nm]					1.2 • W	$I_{\rm el} \cdot f_{\rm uk}^{(1)}$				
Characteristic bending moment	M <sup>0</sup> <sub>Rk,s,eq</sub>	[Nm]			N	o Perfoi	mance	Assess	ed (NP	A)		
Elastic section modulus	W <sub>el</sub>	[mm³]	50	98	170	269	402	785	896	1534	2155	3217
Partial factor	γ <sub>Ms,V</sub>	[-]					1,	5 <sup>2)</sup>				
Concrete pry-out failure												
Factor	k <sub>8</sub>	[-]					2	,0				
Installation factor	γinst	[-]					1	,0				
Concrete edge failure												
Effective length of fastener	lf	[mm]			min(ł	n <sub>ef</sub> ; 12 •	d <sub>nom</sub> )			min(	h <sub>ef</sub> ; 300	mm)
Outside diameter of fastener	d <sub>nom</sub>	[mm]	8	10	12	14	16	20	24	25	28	32
Installation factor	γinst	[-]					1	,0				
Factor for annular gap	$\alpha_{gap}$	[-]					0,5 (	1,0) <sup>3)</sup>				
<ol> <li>f<sub>uk</sub> shall be taken from the specifications of reinford</li> <li>in absence of national regulation</li> <li><sup>3)</sup> Value in brackets valid for filled annular gab betwee</li> </ol>	ing bars en anchor and d	clearance	hole in	the fixtu	re. Use	of speci	al filling	washer	Annex	A 3 is re	quired	

#### Essve Injection system HY for concrete

#### Performances

Characteristic values of shear loads under static, quasi-static action and seismic action (performance category C1)

Annex C 7



Anchor size thread	ded rod		M 8	M 10	M 12	M 16	M 20	M24	M 27	M 30
Non-cracked conc	rete C20/25 unde	er static and qua	si-statio	action	1		I	I	1	1
Temperature range I:	$\delta_{N0}$ -factor	[mm/(N/mm <sup>2</sup> )]	0,031	0,032	0,034	0,037	0,039	0,042	0,044	0,046
80°C/50°C	$\delta_{N\infty}$ -factor	[mm/(N/mm <sup>2</sup> )]	0,040	0,042	0,044	0,047	0,051	0,054	0,057	0,060
Temperature range II:	$\delta_{N0}$ -factor	[mm/(N/mm <sup>2</sup> )]	0,032	0,034	0,035	0,038	0,041	0,044	0,046	0,048
່120°C/72°Cັ	$\delta_{N_{\infty}}$ -factor	[mm/(N/mm <sup>2</sup> )]	0,042	0,044	0,045	0,049	0,053	0,056	0,059	0,062
Temperature range III:	$\delta_{N0}$ -factor	[mm/(N/mm <sup>2</sup> )]	0,121	0,126	0,131	0,142	0,153	0,163	0,171	0,179
160°C/100°Č	$\delta_{N\infty}$ -factor	[mm/(N/mm <sup>2</sup> )]	0,124	0,129	0,135	0,146	0,157	0,168	0,176	0,184
Cracked concrete	C20/25 under sta	tic, quasi-static	and sei	ismic C	1 action	1				
Temperature range I:	$\delta_{N0}$ -factor	[mm/(N/mm <sup>2</sup> )]	0,081	0,083	0,085	0,090	0,095	0,099	0,103	0,10
80°C/50°C	$\delta_{N_{\infty}}$ -factor	[mm/(N/mm <sup>2</sup> )]	0,104	0,107	0,110	0,116	0,122	0,128	0,133	0,137
Temperature range II:	$\delta_{N0}$ -factor	[mm/(N/mm <sup>2</sup> )]	0,084	0,086	0,088	0,093	0,098	0,103	0,107	0,110
120°C/72°C	$\delta_{N\infty}$ -factor	[mm/(N/mm <sup>2</sup> )]	0,108	0,111	0,114	0,121	0,127	0,133	0,138	0,143
Temperature range III:	$\delta_{N0}$ -factor	[mm/(N/mm <sup>2</sup> )]	0,312	0,321	0,330	0,349	0,367	0,385	0,399	0,412
160°C/100°C	$\delta_{N_{\infty}}$ -factor	[mm/(N/mm <sup>2</sup> )]	0,321	0,330	0,340	0,358	0,377	0,396	0,410	0,424
Cracked concrete	C20/25 under sei	ismic C2 action								
All temperature	$\delta_{N,eq(DLS)}$ -factor	[mm/(N/mm <sup>2</sup> )]			0,120	0,100	0,100	0,120		
ranges	$\delta_{N,eq(ULS)}$ -factor	[mm/(N/mm <sup>2</sup> )]	- N	PA	0,140	0,150	0,110	0,150		PA
<sup>1)</sup> Calculation of the $\delta_{N0} = \delta_{N0}$ -factor $\delta_{N\infty} = \delta_{N\infty}$ -factor	$\begin{array}{c} \cdot \ \tau; & \delta_{N,eq(} \\ \cdot \ \tau; & \delta_{N,eq(} \end{array}$	$DLS) = \delta_{N,eq(DLS)}$ -facto $ULS) = \delta_{N,eq(ULS)}$ -facto	or · τ;			stress for	r tension			
$\begin{array}{l} \delta_{N0}=\delta_{N0}\text{-factor}\\ \delta_{N\infty}=\delta_{N\infty}\text{-factor} \end{array}$	$\cdot \tau; \qquad \delta_{N,eq}$	$(ULS) = \delta_{N,eq}(ULS)$ -fact	or · τ;				r tension			
$\begin{split} \delta_{N0} &= \delta_{N0} \text{-factor} \\ \delta_{N\infty} &= \delta_{N\infty} \text{-factor} \end{split}$ Table C9: Di	τ; δ <sub>N,eq(</sub> τ; δ <sub>N,eq(</sub>	$(ULS) = \delta_{N,eq}(ULS)$ -fact	or · τ;				r tension M 20	M24	M 27	М 30
$\begin{array}{l} \delta_{N0}=\delta_{N0}\text{-factor}\\ \delta_{N\infty}=\delta_{N\infty}\text{-factor} \end{array}$	<ul> <li>τ; δ<sub>N,eq</sub>(</li> <li>τ; δ<sub>N,eq</sub>(</li> </ul>	uls) = δ <sub>N,eq(ULS)</sub> -facto under shear le	or · τ; Dad <sup>1)</sup> (1 	thread M 10	ed rod M 12	) M 16	M 20		M 27	M 30
$\begin{split} \delta_{N0} &= \delta_{N0} \text{-factor} \\ \delta_{N\infty} &= \delta_{N\infty} \text{-factor} \end{split}$ Table C9: Di Anchor size thread	<ul> <li>τ; δ<sub>N,eq</sub>(</li> <li>τ; δ<sub>N,eq</sub>(</li> </ul>	uls) = δ <sub>N,eq(ULS)</sub> -facto under shear le	or · τ; Dad <sup>1)</sup> (1 	thread M 10	ed rod M 12	) M 16	M 20		<b>M 27</b>	<b>M 30</b> 0,03
$\begin{split} \delta_{N0} &= \delta_{N0} \text{-factor} \\ \delta_{N\infty} &= \delta_{N\infty} \text{-factor} \end{split}$ Table C9: Di Anchor size thread Non-cracked and d	<ul> <li>τ; δ<sub>N,eq</sub>(</li> <li>τ; δ<sub>N,eq</sub>(</li> <li>splacements i</li> <li>ded rod</li> <li>cracked concrete</li> </ul>	$u_{LS} = \delta_{N,eq}(u_{LS})$ -facto under shear lo C20/25 under s	or · τ; Dad <sup>1)</sup> (1 M 8 tatic, qu	thread M 10 Jasi-sta	ed rod M 12 tic and	) M 16 seismic	M 20 C1 act	ion		0,03
$\begin{split} \delta_{N0} &= \delta_{N0} \text{-factor} \\ \delta_{N\infty} &= \delta_{N\infty} \text{-factor} \end{split}$	τ; $\delta_{N,eq}$ τ; $\delta_{N,eq}$ splacements i         ded rod         cracked concrete $\delta_{Vo}$ -factor $\delta_{Vo}$ -factor	under shear let be consistent of the stress of the stres	or · τ; Dad <sup>1)</sup> (1 <u>M 8</u> tatic, qu	thread M 10 Jasi-stat	ed rod M 12 tic and 0,05	) M 16 seismic 0,04	<b>M 20</b> <b>C1 act</b> 0,04	i <b>on</b> 0,03	0,03	0,03
$\begin{split} \delta_{N0} &= \delta_{N0} \text{-factor} \\ \delta_{N\infty} &= \delta_{N\infty} \text{-factor} \end{split}$	τ; $\delta_{N,eq}$ τ; $\delta_{N,eq}$ splacements i         ded rod         cracked concrete $\delta_{Vo}$ -factor $\delta_{Vo}$ -factor	under shear let be consistent of the stress of the stres	or · τ; Dad <sup>1)</sup> (1 M 8 tatic, qu 0,06 0,09	thread M 10 Jasi-sta 0,06 0,08	ed rod M 12 tic and 0,05	) M 16 seismic 0,04	<b>M 20</b> <b>C1 act</b> 0,04	i <b>on</b> 0,03	0,03 0,05	0,03 0,05
$\begin{split} \delta_{N0} &= \delta_{N0} \text{-}factor \\ \delta_{N\infty} &= \delta_{N\infty} \text{-}factor \end{split}$	τ; $\delta_{N,eq}$ τ; $\delta_{N,eq}$ splacements i         ded rod         cracked concrete $\delta_{Vo}$ -factor $\delta_{Vo}$ -factor         C20/25 under sei	under shear le <b>C20/25 under s</b> [mm/kN] [mm/kN] <b>Smic C2 action</b>	or · τ; Dad <sup>1)</sup> (1 M 8 tatic, qu 0,06 0,09	thread M 10 Jasi-stat	ed rod M 12 tic and 0,05 0,08	) M 16 seismic 0,04 0,06	<b>M 20</b> <b>C1 act</b> 0,04 0,06	i <b>on</b> 0,03 0,05	0,03 0,05	0,03
$\begin{split} \delta_{N0} &= \delta_{N0} \text{-factor} \\ \delta_{N\infty} &= \delta_{N\infty} \text{-factor} \end{split}$	τ; $\delta_{N,eq}$ τ; $\delta_{N,eq}$ splacements i         ded rod         cracked concrete $\delta_{Vo}$ -factor $\delta_{Ve}$ -factor $\delta_{V,eq}(DLS)$ -factor $\delta_{V,eq}(DLS)$ -factor         e displacement         V;         V;         DLS)-factor	under shear le control control contr	or · τ; Dad <sup>1)</sup> (1 M 8 tatic, qu 0,06 0,09	thread M 10 Jasi-sta 0,06 0,08	ed rod M 12 tic and 0,05 0,08	) M 16 seismic 0,04 0,06 0,13	<b>M 20</b> <b>C1 act</b> 0,04 0,06	i <b>on</b> 0,03 0,05 0,06	0,03 0,05	0,03



Anchor size reinfo	rcing bar		Ø 8	Ø 10	Ø 12	Ø 14	Ø 16	Ø 20	Ø 24	Ø 25	Ø 28	Ø 32
Non-cracked conc	rete C20/2	25 under static	and qu	asi-sta	tic acti	on	1	I	1	1	1	
Temperature range I:	$\delta_{N0}$ -factor	[mm/(N/mm <sup>2</sup> )]	0,031	0,032	0,034	0,035	0,037	0,039	0,042	0,043	0,045	0,04
80°C/50°C	$\delta_{N\infty}$ -factor	[mm/(N/mm <sup>2</sup> )]	0,040	0,042	0,044	0,045	0,047	0,051	0,054	0,055	0,058	0,06
Temperature range II:	$\delta_{N0}$ -factor	[mm/(N/mm <sup>2</sup> )]	0,032	0,034	0,035	0,036	0,038	0,041	0,044	0,045	0,047	0,05
120°C/72°C	$\delta_{N_{\infty}}$ -factor	[mm/(N/mm <sup>2</sup> )]	0,042	0,044	0,045	0,047	0,049	0,053	0,056	0,057	0,060	0,06
Temperature range III:	$\delta_{N0}$ -factor	[mm/(N/mm <sup>2</sup> )]	0,121	0,126	0,131	0,137	0,142	0,153	0,163	0,164	0,172	0,18
160°C/100°C	$\delta_{N_{\infty}}$ -factor	[mm/(N/mm <sup>2</sup> )]	0,124	0,129	0,135	0,141	0,146	0,157	0,168	0,169	0,177	0,19
Cracked concrete	C20/25 ur	nder static, qua	si-stati	c and s	eismic	C1 act	tion					
Temperature range I:	$\delta_{N0}$ -factor	[mm/(N/mm <sup>2</sup> )]	0,081	0,083	0,085	0,087	0,090	0,095	0,099	0,099	0,103	0,10
80°C/50°C	$\delta_{N_{\infty}}$ -factor	[mm/(N/mm <sup>2</sup> )]	0,104	0,107	0,110	0,113	0,116	0,122	0,128	0,128	0,133	0,14
Temperature range II:	$\delta_{N0}$ -factor	[mm/(N/mm <sup>2</sup> )]	0,084	0,086	0,088	0,090	0,093	0,098	0,103	0,103	0,107	0,11
120°C/72°Cັ	$\delta_{N_{\infty}}$ -factor	[mm/(N/mm <sup>2</sup> )]	0,108	0,111	0,114	0,118	0,121	0,127	0,133	0,133	0,138	0,14
Temperature range III:	$\delta_{N0}$ -factor	[mm/(N/mm <sup>2</sup> )]	0,312	0,321	0,330	0,340	0,349	0,367	0,385	0,385	0,399	0,42
160°C/100°C	$\delta_{N_{\infty}}$ -factor	[mm/(N/mm <sup>2</sup> )]	0,321	0,330	0,340	0,349	0,358	0,377	0,396	0,396	0,410	0,44
<sup>1)</sup> Calculation of the $\delta_{N0} = \delta_{N0}$ -factor $\delta_{N\infty} = \delta_{N\infty}$ -factor <b>Table C11: Di</b>	τ; τ; splacem	τ: action bonc	hear lo	oad <sup>1)</sup> (	rebar							
$\begin{split} \delta_{N0} &= \delta_{N0} \text{-factor} \\ \delta_{N\infty} &= \delta_{N\infty} \text{-factor} \end{split}$ Table C11: Di Anchor size reinfo	τ; τ; splacem rcing bar	τ: action bonc	hear lo	oad <sup>1)</sup> ( Ø 10	rebar	Ø 14	Ø 16	Ø 20	Ø 24	Ø 25	Ø 28	Ø3
$\begin{split} \delta_{N0} &= \delta_{N0} \text{-factor} \\ \delta_{N\infty} &= \delta_{N\infty} \text{-factor} \end{split}$ Table C11: Di Anchor size reinfo	τ; τ; splacem rcing bar	τ: action bonc	hear lo	oad <sup>1)</sup> ( Ø 10	rebar	Ø 14	Ø 16	Ø 20	Ø 24	Ø 25	Ø 28	Ø3
$\delta_{N0} = \delta_{N0} \text{-factor}$ $\delta_{N\infty} = \delta_{N\infty} \text{-factor}$ Table C11: Di Anchor size reinfo For concrete C20/2 All temperature	τ; τ; splacem rcing bar	τ: action bonc	hear lo	oad <sup>1)</sup> ( Ø 10	rebar	Ø 14	Ø 16	Ø 20 0,04	Ø 24 0,03	Ø 25 0,03	Ø 28 0,03	Ø 3: 0,03
$\delta_{N0} = \delta_{N0}$ -factor $\delta_{N\infty} = \delta_{N\infty}$ -factor <b>Table C11: Di</b> Anchor size reinfo For concrete C20/2 All temperature ranges <sup>1)</sup> Calculation of the	τ; τ; <b>splacem</b> <b>rcing bar</b> <b>25 under s</b> $δ_{V0}$ -factor $δ_{V\infty}$ -factor e displacem	t: action bond	Ø 8       9         atic and       0,06         0,09       0	Dad <sup>1)</sup> ( Ø 10 9 I seism 0,05	rebar) Ø 12 ic C1 a	Ø 14 Iction	I			I		
$\delta_{N0} = \delta_{N0}\text{-factor}$ $\delta_{N\infty} = \delta_{N\infty}\text{-factor}$ <b>Table C11: Di Anchor size reinfo For concrete C20/2</b> All temperature ranges	τ; τ; splacem rcing bar 25 under s $δ_{V0}$ -factor $\delta_{V\infty}$ -factor e displacem V;	t: action bond nent under s static, quasi-st [mm/kN] [mm/kN]	Ø 8       9         atic and       0,06         0,09       0	Dad <sup>1)</sup> ( Ø 10 9 I seism 0,05	rebar) Ø 12 ic C1 a 0,05	Ø 14 action 0,04	0,04	0,04	0,03	0,03	0,03	0,0



Anchor size Inter	rnal threaded	rod	1	G-M 6	IG-M 8	IG-M 10	IG-M 12	IG-M 16	IG-M 20
Non-cracked cor	crete C20/25	under static a	nd quasi-s	tatic act	tion				
Temperature range I	: δ <sub>N0</sub> -factor	[mm/(N	/mm²)]	0,032	0,034	0,037	0,039	0,042	0,046
80°C/50°C	$\delta_{N_{\infty}}$ -factor	[mm/(N	/mm²)]	0,042	0,044	0,047	0,051	0,054	0,060
Temperature range II	: δ <sub>N0</sub> -factor	[mm/(N	/mm²)]	0,034	0,035	0,038	0,041	0,044	0,048
120°C/72°C	$\delta_{N_{\infty}}$ -factor	[mm/(N	/mm²)]	0,044	0,045	0,049	0,053	0,056	0,062
Temperature range II	I: δ <sub>N0</sub> -factor	[mm/(N	/mm²)]	0,126	0,131	0,142	0,153	0,163	0,179
160°C/100°Č	$\delta_{N\infty}$ -factor	[mm/(N	/mm²)]	0,129	0,135	0,146	0,157	0,168	0,184
cracked concret	e C20/25 und	er static and qu	uasi-static	action					
Temperature range I	: δ <sub>N0</sub> -factor	[mm/(N	/mm²)]	0,083	0,085	0,090	0,095	0,099	0,106
່80°C/50°C ັ	$\delta_{N\infty}$ -factor	[mm/(N	/mm²)]	0,170	0,110	0,116	0,122	0,128	0,137
Temperature range II	: δ <sub>N0</sub> -factor	[mm/(N	/mm²)]	0,086	0,088	0,093	0,098	0,103	0,110
120°C/72°C	$\delta_{N\infty}$ -factor	[mm/(N	/mm²)]	0,111	0,114	0,121	0,127	0,133	0,143
Femperature range II	I: δ <sub>N0</sub> -factor	[mm/(N	/mm²)]	0,321	0,330	0,349	0,367	0,385	0,412
160°C/100°C	$\delta_{N_{\infty}}$ -factor	[mm/(N	/mm²)]	0,330	0,340	0,358	0,377	0,396	0,424
$\delta_{N0} = \delta_{N0}$ -facto $\delta_{N\infty} = \delta_{N\infty}$ -facto	r · τ;								
$\delta_{N_{\infty}} = \delta_{N_{\infty}}$ -facto	Displaceme							IC-M 16	IG-M 2
	Displaceme	rod	IG-M 6	IG-	M 8 IG	i-M 10 I	Dd) G-M 12	IG-M 16	IG-M 2
$     δ_{N_{\infty}} = \delta_{N_{\infty}} $ -factor <b>Table C13:</b> [ Anchor size Inter Non-cracked and	Displaceme mal threaded	rod crete C20/25 u	IG-M 6 nder statio	IG- c and qu	M 8 IG Jasi-statio	à-M 10 I c action	G-M 12		
$ δ_{N_{\infty}} = δ_{N_{\infty}} $ -factor <b>Table C13: E</b> Anchor size Inter <b>Ion-cracked and</b> Il temperature	Displaceme	rod	IG-M 6	IG- c and qu 0,0	M 8 IG Jasi-statio	i-M 10 I		<b>IG-M 16</b> 0,04 0,06	<b>IG-M 2</b> 0,04 0,06
	Displaceme rnal threaded I cracked con $\delta_{VO}$ -factor $\delta_{V\infty}$ -factor the displacement $r \cdot V$ ;	rod crete C20/25 u [mm/kN] [mm/kN]	IG-M 6 nder statio 0,07 0,10	IG- c and qu 0,0	M 8 IG Jasi-statio	<b>a-M 10 I</b> c action 0,06	<b>G-M 12</b> 0,05	0,04	0,04
$\delta_{N_{\infty}} = \delta_{N_{\infty}}$ -factor <b>Table C13:</b> E Anchor size Inter Non-cracked and All temperature anges <sup>1)</sup> Calculation of f $\delta_{V0} = \delta_{V0}$ -factor	Displaceme rnal threaded I cracked con $\delta_{VO}$ -factor $\delta_{V\infty}$ -factor the displacement $r \cdot V$ ;	rod crete C20/25 u [mm/kN] [mm/kN] t	IG-M 6 nder statio 0,07 0,10	IG- c and qu 0,0	M 8 IG Jasi-statio	<b>a-M 10 I</b> c action 0,06	<b>G-M 12</b> 0,05	0,04	0,04

Displacements (Internal threaded anchor rod)