




ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION

In accordance with ISO 14025:2006 and
EN 15804:2012+A2:2019

Glasroc® X Klima - Sheathing Board

| | | |
|---|-------------------------------|--|
|  | Program operator: | The Norwegian EPD Foundation |
| | Product Category Rule: | NPCR 010:2022 Part B for building boards (v.4) |
| | Declaration number: | NEPD-7159-6553-EN |
| | Registration number: | NEPD-7159-6553-EN |
| | Issue date: | 26.07.2024 (rev 18.02.2025) |
| | Valid to: | 26.07.2029 |
| | Owner of declaration: | Saint-Gobain Byggevarer AS, Gyproc |

General information

Product name

Glasroc® X Klima
(GXU 9 Klima, GXUE 9 Klima)

Program operator

The Norwegian EPD Foundation,
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Declaration number:

NEPD-7159-6553-EN

ECO Platform reference number

Product Category Rules:

Core PCR: EN 15804:2012+A2:2019
NPCR 010:2019 Part B for building boards

Statement of liability

The owner of the declaration shall be liable for the underlying information and evidence. EPD Norway shall not be liable with respect to manufacturer information, life cycle assessment data and evidence.

Declared unit

1 m² of manufactured plasterboard

Functional unit

1 m² of installed Glasroc® X Klima with a reference service life of 60 years

Verification

Independent verification of calculation data, environmental data, and test of computer program was carried out by Martin Erlandsson.

CEN Standard EN 15804:2012+A2:2019 serves as core PCR. Independent verification of the declaration and data has been done according to ISO 14025:2010



Martin Erlandsson, IVL
Independent verifier approved by EPD-Norge

Internal External

Owner of the declaration

Saint-Gobain Byggevarer AS, Gyproc

Contact person: Gravnås, Stian

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Manufacturer: Saint-Gobain Byggevarer AS, Gyproc

Place of production: Fredrikstad, Norway

Geographical use: Norway and other Nordic countries

Management system

NS-EN ISO 9001, NS-EN ISO 14001,
NS-EN ISO 45001, NS-EN ISO 50001

Organization number: NO 940 198 178

Issue date: 26.07.2024 (rev 18.02.2025)

Valid to: 26.07.2029

Year of study: 2023 + 2024

Comparability

EPD of construction products may not be comparable if they don't comply with EN 15804:2012+A2:2019 and seen in a building context, see also EN 15942.

The EPD has been worked out by

Malin Dalborg (Saint-Gobain Nordic) and Saint-Gobain LCA central team using GaBi version 10.6

Malin Dalborg

Company-specific data has been verified by Simen Kandola and Malin Dalborg Saint-Gobain Byggevarer AS, Gyproc

Approved by



Håkon Hauan
Managing Director of EPD-Norge

Product information

Product description and description of use

This Environmental Product Declaration (EPD®) describes the environmental impacts of 1m² of installed gypsum board Glasroc® X Klima with a weight of 7,9 kg/m².

Glasroc® X Klima – Sheathing Board is a 9.5 mm thick plasterboard with a weight of 7,9 kg for sheathing applications where wind proofing, high air tightness and low vapor resistance is required. The highly inorganic composition of this board, along with several additives, allows it to be more resistant to moisture and mold, providing a safer solution than conventional plasterboards. The board has an impregnated fiberglass-reinforced gypsum core and is coated with a hydrophobic fiberglass mat. The hydrophobic fiberglass mat provides excellent protection against moisture and mold as well as enhanced protection against UV radiation.

Thickness: 9,5 mm

Width: 1200 mm (GXU 9 Klima) and 900 mm (GXUE 9 Klima)

For more information: www.gyproc.no/produkter/glasroc-x-klima-gxu-9-klima

To calculate the result for 1 kg of Glasroc® X Klima, divide the result with the weight of the plasterboard: 7,9 kg/m (conversion factor 1/7,9 = 0,127)

Technical data

| Parameter | Value / Description |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| EN Classification | GM-H1 (EN 15283-1:2008+A1:2009) |
| Reaction to fire | A1 (EN 13501-1:2002) |
| Water vapour resistance factor, μ | < 0,10 (EN 10456:2007) |
| Thermal conductivity | 0,25 W/mK (EN 10456:2007) |

Product specification

| Product components | Value / Description |
|---|---|
| Weight of 1 m ² plasterboard | 7,9 kg |
| Thickness | 9,5 mm |
| Surfacing | Fiberglass mat: 0,36 kg/m ² Gypsum Culls: 0,022 kg/kg |
| Packaging material | PE film: 0,001 kg/kg Paper label: 0,000009 kg/kg |
| Products used for installation | Screws* |

*Screws are not included in the LCA according to the PCR Part B for building boards, hence not included in the result of this EPD.

Market

Glasroc® X Klima is manufactured and sold in Norway. It can also be distributed and sold in other countries like Sweden, Finland and Denmark as Glasroc® X Storm Klima.

Reference Service Life (RSL), product

60 years. When installed correct, the product is assumed to have at least the same RSL as the building.

Reference Service Life (RSL), building

60 years.

LCA calculation information

| Parameter | Value / Description |
|--|--|
| Type of EPD | Cradle to grave and module D |
| Functional unit | 1 m ² of installed board with a weight of 7,9 kg/m ² and an expected average service life of 60 years. Note that the declared product and therefor the functional unit do not include any upper surface material like paint or likewise and therefore not potentially add as part of maintenance (B2). |
| System boundaries | Cradle to grave + Module D = A + B + C +D |
| Cut-off rules | All raw materials and additives and all energy has been included. The following has been excluded: Flows related to human activities such as employee transport The construction of plants, production of machines and transportation systems |
| Allocations | Allocation criteria are based on mass. The polluter pays principle as well as the modularity principle have been followed. |
| Geographical coverage and time period | Scope: Norway Data is collected from one production site Fredrikstad located in Norway The EPD is based on 12 month data from June 2023 – May 2024 |
| Data quality | The data was collected from the specific manufacturing site Fredrikstad, using measurements, internal records and reporting documents. The manufacturing process at Fredrikstad has been fully electrified since March 2023. All measured from June 1 th 2023 – May 31 th 2024. |
| Background data source | Databases GaBi 2022 and ecoinvent v.3.8 |
| Software | GaBi 10.6 |
| Product CPC code | 37530, Articles of plaster or of composition based on plaster |

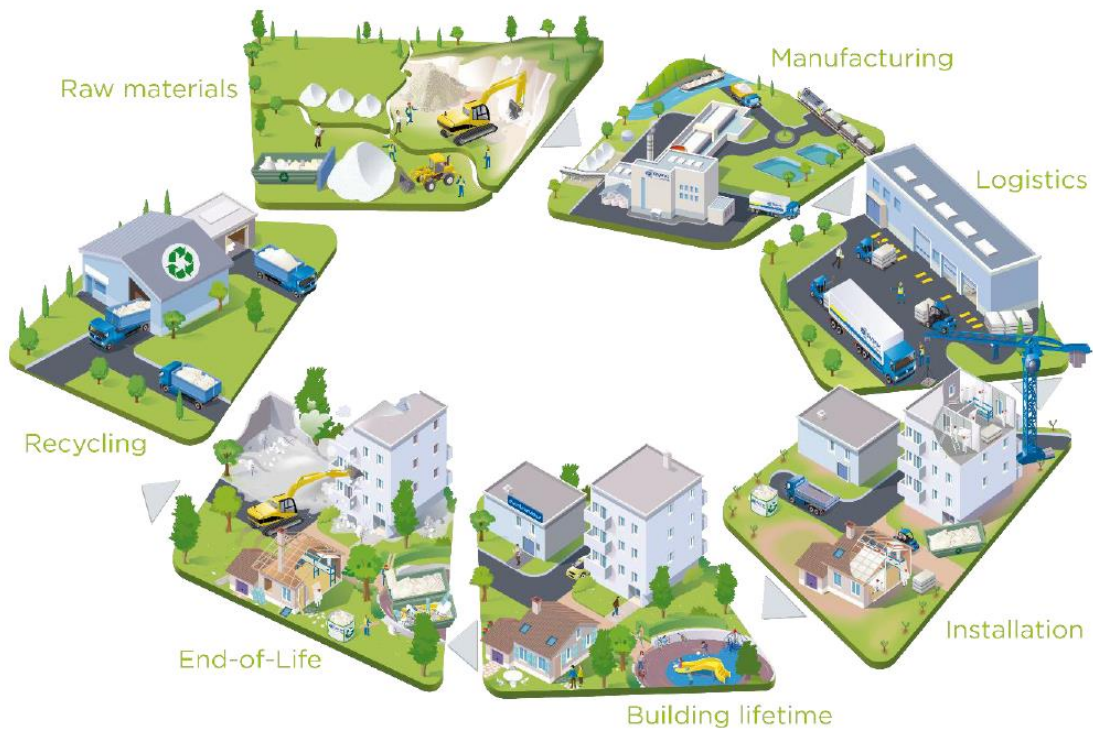
LCA scope

The following stages and modules have been included for this product.

| | PRODUCT STAGE | | | CONSTRUCTION STAGE | | USE STAGE | | | | | | | END OF LIFE STAGE | | | | BENEFITS AND LOADS BEYOND THE SYSTEM BOUNDARY |
|------------------|---------------------|-----------|---------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------|-------------|--------|-------------|---------------|------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|-----------|------------------|----------|---|
| | Raw material supply | Transport | Manufacturing | Transport | Construction-Installation process | Use | Maintenance | Repair | Replacement | Refurbishment | Operational energy use | Operational water use | De-construction demolition | Transport | Waste processing | Disposal | Reuse-recovery |
| Module | A1 | A2 | A3 | A4 | A5 | B1 | B2 | B3 | B4 | B5 | B6 | B7 | C1 | C2 | C3 | C4 | D |
| Modules declared | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |

(X=included. MND=module not declared)

Life cycle stages



A1-A3, Product stage

A1, Raw materials supply

This module includes the extraction and transformation of raw materials and packaging.

A2, Transport to the manufacturer

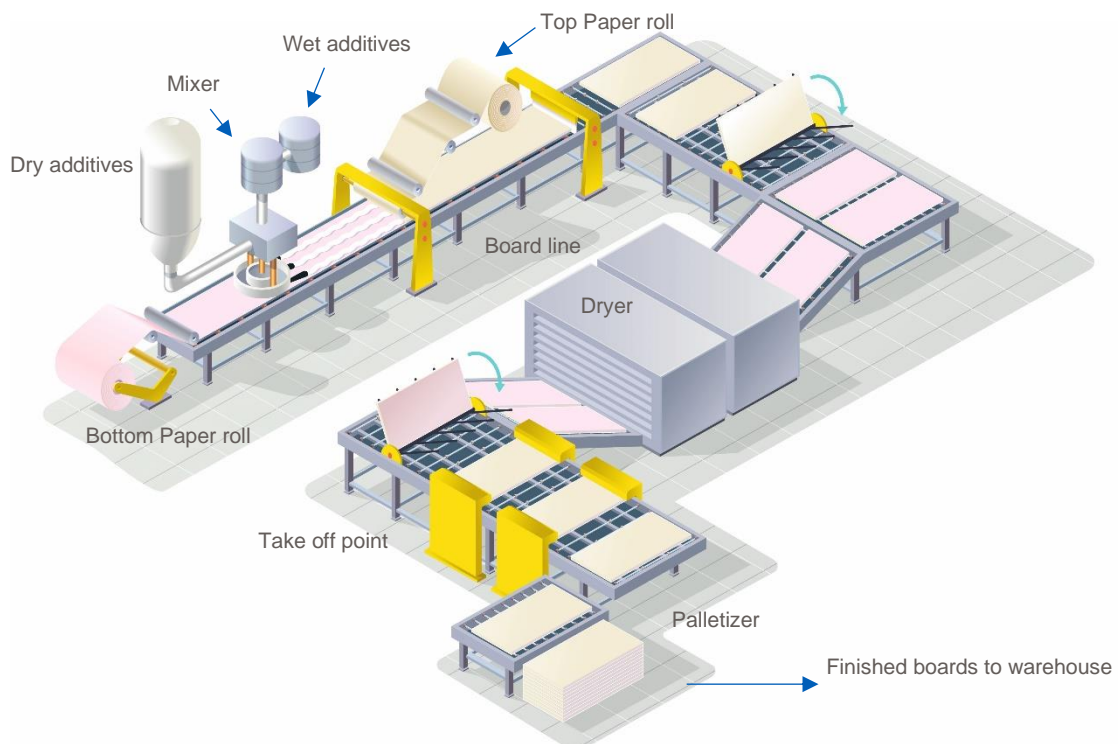
This module includes the transportation (truck, boat and rail) of raw materials and packaging to the manufacturing site. Calculations have been based on specific distances provided by the logistic department.

A3, Manufacturing

This module includes the manufacturing of products and the processing of any waste arising during the manufacturing process. During the manufacturing process, 100% renewable electricity bought with Guarantee of Origin (GO) has been used. The amount of electricity purchases with GO's correspond to 100% of the electricity consumed at the manufacturing site, leaving 0% to be covered by Norwegian National grid mix.

| Parameter | Consumption covered (%) | Value, GWP total | Description |
|------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|
| Electricity mix (Go's) | 100% | 0,00621 kg CO ₂ eq. / kWh | 100% Hydro power - Dataset Gabi EU-28: Electricity from hydro power and Guarantee of Origin certificate |

Manufacturing process flow diagram



Manufacturing in detail:

The raw materials are homogeneously mixed to form a gypsum slurry that is spread via multiple hose outlets onto a paper liner on a moving conveyor belt. A second paper liner is fed onto the production line from above to form the plasterboard. The plasterboard continues along the production line where it is finished, dried, and cut to size.

A4-A5, Construction process stage

A4, Transport to the building site

This module includes the transport from the manufacturing site to the building site. Transport is calculated based on a scenario with the parameters described in the following table.

| Parameter | Value / Description |
|---|---|
| Fuel type and consumption of vehicle or vehicle type used for transport e.g. long distance truck, boat, etc. | Freight truck, maximum load weight of 30 t, real load of 22 t and consumption of 0.38 liters per km |
| Distance | 300 km |
| Capacity utilization (including empty returns) | 56% (30% empty returns) |
| Bulk density of transported products* | 832 kg/m ³ |
| Volume capacity utilization factor | < 1 |

A5, Installation in the building

This module includes the installation materials and the management and processing of waste generated during the installation. The parameters are presented in the following table.

| Parameter | Value / Description |
|---|---|
| Ancillary materials for installation (specified by materials) | None |
| Water used during installation | 0 liters/m ² |
| Other resource use | None |
| Quantitative description of energy type (regional mix) and consumption during the installation process | 0,0 MJ/m ² electricity |
| Scrap rate at installation | 5% for plasterboard and for ancillary materials 100% for packaging |
| Wastage of materials on the building site before waste processing, generated by the product's installation (specified by type) | Plasterboard: 0,39 kg (100% recycling) Gypsum culls: 0,022 kg (100% landfill) PE film: 0,001 kg (50/50% incineration with/without recovery) Paper label: 0,000009 kg (50/50% incineration with/without recovery) |
| Output materials (specified by type) as results of waste processing at the building site e.g., of collection for recycling, for energy recovering, disposal (specified by route) | Plasterboard: 0,39 kg (100% recycling) PE film: 0,0005 kg (incineration w. recovery), 0,0005 kg (incineration no recovery) Paper label: 0,000005 kg (incineration w. recovery), 0,000005 kg (incineration no recovery) Gypsum culls: 0 kg (recycling), 0,022 kg (landfill) |
| Direct emissions to ambient air, soil, and water | None |

The transport of packaging and product is modelled like transport in C2.

B1-B7, Use stage (excluding potential savings)

Description of the stage: The use stage is divided into the following modules:

- B1, Use
- B2, Maintenance
- B3, Repair
- B4, Replacement
- B5, Refurbishment
- B6, Operational energy use
- B7, Operational water use

The product has a reference service life of 60 years. It is assumed that the product will last in situ with no requirements for maintenance, repair, replacement, or refurbishment throughout this period. Therefore, it has no impact at this stage.

C1-C4, End of Life Stage

Description of the stage: This stage includes the following modules:

- C1, Deconstruction, demolition: The de-construction and/or dismantling of the product is considered part of the demolition of the entire building, but a small amount of energy has been located to the studied product.
- C2, Transport to waste processing
- C3, Waste processing for reuse, recovery and/or recycling
- C4, Disposal, including provision and all transport, provision of all materials, products and related energy and water use

Two End-of-life scenarios have been declared for the plasterboard and paperliner: 100% recycling and 100% landfill.

| Parameter | Value / Description |
|--|--|
| Energy for de-construction/demolition | 0,05 MJ/m ² . The de-construction of the product is considered to be part of the demolition of the entire building |
| Collection process specified by type | <p>Plasterboard and paper liner:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Scenario 1: 100% recycling • Scenario 2: 100% landfill <p>Both scenarios: Other deconstruction waste is 100% collected with mixed deconstruction and demolition waste for landfill</p> |
| Recovery system specified by type | <p>Scenario 1: 7,9 kg is recycled</p> <p>Scenario 2: 0 kg is recycled</p> |
| Disposal specified by type | <p>Scenario 1: 0 kg to landfill</p> <p>Scenario 2: 7,9 kg to landfill</p> |
| Assumptions for scenario development (e.g. transportation) | <p>Freight truck, maximum load weight of 27.9 t, real load of 24 t and consumption of 0.38 liters per km</p> <p>Distance to recycling facilities: 300 km</p> <p>Distance to landfill: 50 km</p> <p>Distance to incineration facilities: 50 km</p> |

D, Reuse/recovery/recycling potential

Module D considers the benefits and loads beyond the system boundary resulting from recycling and energy recovery processes.

Module D includes:

- the benefits and loads from the net flows of recycled gypsum and paper liner leaving the product system and substituting primary materials
- the benefits from the net flows of energy related to packaging sent to incineration with energy recovery and substituting steam and electricity production

LCA results

As specified in EN 15804:2012+A2:2019 and the Product-Category Rules, the environmental impacts are declared and reported using the baseline characterization factors from the ILCD EF 3.0. Specific data has been supplied by the plant, and generic data come from GaBi and ecoinvent databases.

All emissions to air, water, and soil, and all materials and energy used have been included.

The estimated impact results are only relative statements which do not indicate the end points of the impact categories, exceeding threshold values, safety margins or risks.

All figures refer to a declared unit of 1m² of installed gypsum board Glasroc® X Klima with a weight of 7,9 kg/m² and a useful life of 60 years. It has been manufactured in Fredrikstad, Norway.

The table below presents the information for the renewable electricity based on Guarantee of Origin certificates (GOs). Dataset used in LCA calculations and main results:

| Type of information | Description |
|---|---|
| Location | Electricity purchased by Saint-Gobain Construction Products Norway. |
| Share of electricity covered by Guarantee of Origin | 100% of the energy consumption is covered by the GO |
| Energy sources for electricity | Share of energy sources: 100% Hydro power |
| Type of dataset | Cradle to gate from Gabi |
| Source | Dataset Gabi EU-28: Electricity from hydro power |
| CO ₂ emission kg CO ₂ eq. / kWh | 0,00621 kg of CO ₂ eq/kWh - Climate Change - total indicator |








Amount bought electricity to the core process is not reported as it is business sensitive and therefore confidential.

The "Residual" as information is given in Additional Requirements

Transport to other countries

Information and conversion factors for transport to other countries can be found under "Additional Information".






Environmental Impacts - 100 % renewable electricity with GO's

| Environmental indicators | | PRODUCT STAGE | CONSTRUCTION STAGE | | USE STAGE | | | | | | |
|---|--|---------------|--------------------|-----------------|-----------|----------------|-----------|----------------|------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|
| | | A1 / A2 / A3 | A4 Transport | A5 Installation | B1 Use | B2 Maintenance | B3 Repair | B4 Replacement | B5 Refurbishment | B6 Operational energy use | B7 Operational water use |
|  | Climate Change (total) [kg CO ₂ eq.] ^(a) | 1,83E+00 | 1,46E-01 | 4,58E-01 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Climate Change (fossil) [kg CO ₂ eq.] | 1,82E+00 | 1,44E-01 | 1,61E-01 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Climate Change (biogenic) [kg CO ₂ eq.] | 1,14E-02 | 1,85E-03 | 2,96E-01 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Climate Change (land use change) [kg CO ₂ eq.] | 7,32E-04 | 8,08E-04 | 1,21E-04 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Ozone depletion [kg CFC-11 eq.] | 1,37E-07 | 8,69E-15 | 7,34E-09 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Acidification terrestrial and freshwater [Mole of H ⁺ eq.] | 8,73E-03 | 1,81E-04 | 5,64E-04 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Eutrophication freshwater [kg P eq.] | 7,02E-05 | 4,33E-07 | 9,51E-06 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Eutrophication marine [kg N eq.] | 2,82E-03 | 6,58E-05 | 2,14E-04 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Eutrophication terrestrial [Mole of N eq.] | 2,65E-02 | 7,66E-04 | 1,78E-03 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Photochemical ozone formation - human health [kg NMVOC eq.] | 7,64E-03 | 1,60E-04 | 6,01E-04 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Resource use, mineral and metals [kg Sb eq.] ¹ | 5,22E-06 | 1,21E-08 | 2,80E-07 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Resource use, energy carriers [MJ] ¹ | 3,58E+01 | 1,94E+00 | 2,30E+00 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Water deprivation potential [m ³ world equiv.] ¹ | 1,17E+00 | 1,30E-03 | 9,88E-02 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

¹ Disclaimer 2: The results of this environmental impact indicator shall be used with care as the uncertainties on these results are high or as there is limited experienced with the indicator

^(a) The total global warming potential (GWP-total) is the sum of GWP fossil, GWP biogenic and GWP land use change











Environmental Impacts - 100 % renewable electricity with GO's

| Environmental indicators | | 100% recycling | | | | | 100% landfill | | | | |
|---|--|--------------------------------|--------------|---------------------|-------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|---------------------|-------------|------------------------------|
| | | END OF LIFE STAGE | | | | REUSE, RECOVERY, RECYCLING | END OF LIFE STAGE | | | | REUSE, RECOVERY, RECYCLING |
| | | C1 Deconstruction / demolition | C2 Transport | C3 Waste processing | C4 Disposal | D Reuse, recovery, recycling | C1 Deconstruction / demolition | C2 Transport | C3 Waste processing | C4 Disposal | D Reuse, recovery, recycling |
|  | Climate Change (total) [kg CO ₂ eq.] ^(a) | 3,27E-02 | 1,44E-01 | 2,80E-02 | 6,64E-03 | 2,09E-02 | 3,27E-02 | 2,48E-02 | 0,00E+00 | 4,88E-02 | -1,87E-02 |
| | Climate Change (fossil) [kg CO ₂ eq.] | 3,27E-02 | 1,41E-01 | 2,69E-02 | 5,07E-03 | 2,09E-02 | 3,27E-02 | 2,44E-02 | 0,00E+00 | 4,67E-02 | -1,86E-02 |
| | Climate Change (biogenic) [kg CO ₂ eq.] | 4,43E-05 | 1,82E-03 | 1,08E-03 | 1,56E-03 | 2,47E-05 | 4,43E-05 | 3,14E-04 | 0,00E+00 | 2,10E-03 | -1,60E-05 |
| | Climate Change (land use change) [kg CO ₂ eq.] | 3,46E-06 | 7,96E-04 | 1,24E-05 | 1,46E-05 | -4,73E-06 | 3,46E-06 | 1,37E-04 | 0,00E+00 | 5,47E-05 | -1,40E-05 |
|  | Ozone depletion [kg CFC-11 eq.] | 6,99E-09 | 8,55E-15 | 6,00E-09 | 1,88E-17 | -9,74E-10 | 6,99E-09 | 1,48E-15 | 0,00E+00 | 1,68E-08 | -9,75E-10 |
|  | Acidification terrestrial and freshwater [Mole of H+ eq.] | 3,40E-04 | 1,76E-04 | 1,66E-04 | 3,64E-05 | 6,60E-05 | 3,40E-04 | 3,03E-05 | 0,00E+00 | 4,28E-04 | -7,22E-05 |
|  | Eutrophication freshwater [kg P eq.] | 1,01E-06 | 4,26E-07 | 2,81E-06 | 8,71E-09 | -3,18E-06 | 1,01E-06 | 7,35E-08 | 0,00E+00 | 3,82E-06 | -3,23E-06 |
| | Eutrophication marine [kg N eq.] | 1,51E-04 | 6,33E-05 | 5,98E-05 | 9,36E-06 | 2,24E-05 | 1,51E-04 | 1,09E-05 | 0,00E+00 | 1,46E-04 | -1,50E-05 |
| | Eutrophication terrestrial [Mole of N eq.] | 1,65E-03 | 7,39E-04 | 6,53E-04 | 1,03E-04 | 2,30E-04 | 1,65E-03 | 1,27E-04 | 0,00E+00 | 1,59E-03 | -1,54E-04 |
|  | Photochemical ozone formation - human health [kg NMVOC eq.] | 4,53E-04 | 1,55E-04 | 1,85E-04 | 2,83E-05 | 6,78E-05 | 4,53E-04 | 2,68E-05 | 0,00E+00 | 4,62E-04 | -4,46E-05 |
|  | Resource use, mineral and metals [kg Sb eq.] ² | 1,68E-08 | 1,19E-08 | 1,89E-07 | 4,55E-10 | -2,02E-09 | 1,68E-08 | 2,06E-09 | 0,00E+00 | 9,54E-08 | -1,11E-08 |
| | Resource use, energy carriers [MJ] ¹ | 4,47E-01 | 1,91E+00 | 4,98E-01 | 6,65E-02 | 3,58E-01 | 4,47E-01 | 3,29E-01 | 0,00E+00 | 1,23E+00 | -3,02E-01 |
|  | Water deprivation potential [m ³ world equiv.] ¹ | 1,10E-03 | 1,28E-03 | 1,68E-02 | 5,31E-04 | 3,01E-03 | 1,10E-03 | 2,21E-04 | 0,00E+00 | 5,40E-02 | -3,21E-03 |

² Disclaimer 2: The results of this environmental impact indicator shall be used with care as the uncertainties on these results are high or as there is limited experienced with the indicator










^(a) The total global warming potential (GWP-total) is the sum of GWP fossil, GWP biogenic and GWP land use change

Resources Use - 100 % renewable electricity with GO's

| Resources Use indicators | PRODUCT STAGE | CONSTRUCTION STAGE | | USE STAGE | | | | | | |
|---|---------------|--------------------|-----------------|-----------|----------------|-----------|----------------|------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|
| | A1 / A2 / A3 | A4 Transport | A5 Installation | B1 Use | B2 Maintenance | B3 Repair | B4 Replacement | B5 Refurbishment | B6 Operational energy use | B7 Operational water use |
|  Use of renewable primary energy (PERE) [MJ] | 2,53E+01 | 1,10E-01 | 1,41E+00 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials (PERM) [MJ] * | 7,16E-03 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  Total use of renewable primary energy resources (PERT) [MJ] | 2,53E+01 | 1,10E-01 | 1,41E+00 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  Use of non-renewable primary energy (PENRE) [MJ] | 3,57E+01 | 1,94E+00 | 2,29E+00 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  Non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials (PENRM) [MJ] * | 5,66E-01 | 0 | -1,46E-01 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  Total use of non-renewable primary energy resources (PENRT) [MJ] | 3,63E+01 | 1,94E+00 | 2,14E+00 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  Input of secondary material (SM) [kg] | 1,26E+00 | 0 | 6,43E-02 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  Use of renewable secondary fuels (RSF) [MJ] | 2,164E-25 | 0 | 1,107E-26 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  Use of non-renewable secondary fuels (NRSF) [MJ] | 2,542E-24 | 0 | 1,301E-25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  Use of net fresh water (FW) [m ³] | 2,75E-02 | 1,25E-04 | 2,31E-03 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |









* For this study, both the product and its packaging are reported in the indicators "Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials" ("PERM") and "Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials" ("PENRM"). PERM and PENRM are reported as negative values when materials are recycled or recovered, but not when landfilled.

Resources Use - 100 % renewable electricity with GO's

| Resources Use indicators | | 100% recycling | | | | | 100% landfill | | | | |
|---|---|--------------------------------|--------------|---------------------|-------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|---------------------|-------------|------------------------------|
| | | END OF LIFE STAGE | | | | REUSE, RECOVERY, RECYCLING | END OF LIFE STAGE | | | | REUSE, RECOVERY, RECYCLING |
| | | C1 Deconstruction / demolition | C2 Transport | C3 Waste processing | C4 Disposal | D Reuse, recovery, recycling | C1 Deconstruction / demolition | C2 Transport | C3 Waste processing | C4 Disposal | D Reuse, recovery, recycling |
|  | Use of renewable primary energy (PERE) [MJ] | 2,53E-03 | 1,08E-01 | 1,07E-01 | 8,71E-03 | 9,59E-02 | 2,53E-03 | 1,87E-02 | 0 | 1,88E-02 | -3,52E-02 |
|  | Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials (PERM) [MJ] * | 0 | 0 | -2,09E-01 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Total use of renewable primary energy resources (PERT) [MJ] | 2,53E-03 | 1,08E-01 | -1,02E-01 | 8,71E-03 | 9,59E-02 | 2,53E-03 | 1,87E-02 | 0 | 1,88E-02 | -3,52E-02 |
|  | Use of non-renewable primary energy (PENRE) [MJ] | 4,47E-01 | 1,91E+00 | 4,98E-01 | 6,65E-02 | 3,59E-01 | 4,47E-01 | 3,30E-01 | 0 | 1,23E+00 | -3,02E-01 |
|  | Non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials (PENRM) [MJ] * | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Total use of non-renewable primary energy resources (PENRT) [MJ] | 4,47E-01 | 1,91E+00 | 4,83E-01 | 6,65E-02 | 3,59E-01 | 4,47E-01 | 3,30E-01 | 0 | 1,23E+00 | -3,02E-01 |
|  | Input of secondary material (SM) [kg] | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Use of renewable secondary fuels (RSF) [MJ] | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Use of non-renewable secondary fuels (NRSF) [MJ] | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Use of net fresh water (FW) [m ³] | 2,56E-05 | 1,23E-04 | 3,91E-04 | 1,68E-05 | 1,51E-04 | 2,56E-05 | 2,12E-05 | 0 | 1,26E-03 | -9,33E-05 |

* For this study, both the product and its packaging are reported in the indicators "Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials" ("PERM") and "Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials" ("PENRM"). PERM and PENRM are reported as negative values when materials are recycled or recovered, but not when landfilled.



Waste Category & Output flows - 100 % renewable electricity with GO's

| Waste Category & Output Flows | PRODUCT STAGE | CONSTRUCTION STAGE | | USE STAGE | | | | | | |
|---|---------------|--------------------|-----------------|-----------|----------------|-----------|----------------|------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|
| | A1 / A2 / A3 | A4 Transport | A5 Installation | B1 Use | B2 Maintenance | B3 Repair | B4 Replacement | B5 Refurbishment | B6 Operational energy use | B7 Operational water use |
|  Hazardous waste disposed (HWD) [kg] | 4,44E-06 | 9,30E-12 | 2,84E-07 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  Non-hazardous waste disposed (NHWD) [kg] | 3,36E-01 | 2,78E-04 | 1,61E-01 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  Radioactive waste disposed (RWD) [kg] | 9,46E-05 | 2,39E-06 | -6,42E-06 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  Components for re-use (CRU) [kg] | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  Materials for Recycling (MFR) [kg] | 2,15E-02 | 0 | 3,96E-01 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  Material for Energy Recovery (MER) [kg] | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  Exported electrical energy (EEE) [MJ] | 0 | 0 | 2,94E-02 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  Exported thermal energy (EET) [MJ] | 0 | 0 | 5,22E-02 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

Waste Category & Output flows - 100 % renewable electricity with GO's

| Waste Category & Output Flows | | 100% recycling | | | | | 100% landfill | | | | |
|---|--|-----------------------------------|--------------|---------------------|-------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------|---------------------|-------------|----------------------------------|
| | | END OF LIFE STAGE | | | | REUSE, RECOVERY, RECYCLING | END OF LIFE STAGE | | | | REUSE, RECOVERY, RECYCLING |
| | | C1 Deconstruction / demolition | C2 Transport | C3 Waste processing | C4 Disposal | D Reuse, recovery, recycling | C1 Deconstruction / demolition | C2 Transport | C3 Waste processing | C4 Disposal | D Reuse, recovery, recycling |
|  | Hazardous waste disposed (HWD) [kg] | 1,23E-06 | 9,16E-12 | 1,09E-06 | 1,01E-09 | -1,25E-07 | 1,23E-06 | 1,58E-12 | 0 | 1,76E-06 | -1,26E-07 |
|  | Non-hazardous waste disposed (NHWD) [kg] | 2,56E-03 | 2,74E-04 | 2,93E-02 | 3,35E-01 | -5,22E-03 | 2,56E-03 | 4,73E-05 | 0 | 8,24E+00 | -5,50E-03 |
|  | Radioactive waste disposed (RWD) [kg] | 3,10E-06 | 2,36E-06 | 3,99E-06 | 7,57E-07 | 6,56E-05 | 3,10E-06 | 4,06E-07 | 0 | 8,37E-06 | -1,57E-05 |
|  | Components for re-use (CRU) [kg] | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Materials for Recycling (MFR) [kg] | 0 | 0 | 7,90E+00 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Material for Energy Recovery (MER) [kg] | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Exported electrical energy (EEE) [MJ] | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Exported thermal energy (EET) [MJ] | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

Information on biogenic carbon content

| Biogenic Carbon Content at factory gate | Value (express per FU) |
|---|------------------------|
|  Biogenic carbon content in product [kg C] | 5,48E-04 |
|  Biogenic carbon content in packaging [kg C] | 3,16E-05 |

Note: 1 kg biogenic carbon is equivalent to 44/12 kg CO₂.

The biogenic carbon content in product mainly comes from maize starch, dextrose and paper liner.
 The biogenic carbon content in the packaging is very low, and it mainly comes from the paper label.

Additional Norwegian requirements

Electricity information

The table below presents as additional information to electricity of the origin used (see above) information for the National production mix, Norway:

| Type of information | Description |
|---|--|
| Share of residual mix | 0% |
| Residual mix | National production mix, Norway |
| Type of dataset | Cradle to gate from Gabi |
| Source | Dataset Gabi NO: Electricity grid mix |
| CO ₂ emission kg CO ₂ eq. / kWh | 0,0329 kg of CO ₂ eq/kWh - Climate Change - total indicator |

*Amount bought electricity to the core process is not reported as it is business sensitive and therefore confidential

Additional impact indicator (GWP-IOBC / GWP-GHG)

| Indicators | PRODUCT STAGE | CONSTRUCTION STAGE | | USE STAGE | | | | | | | END OF LIFE STAGE | | | | REUSE, RECOVERY, RECYCLING |
|------------|---------------|--------------------|-----------------|-----------|----------------|-----------|----------------|------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|---------------------|-------------|------------------------------|
| | A1 / A2 / A3 | A4 Transport | A5 Installation | B1 Use | B2 Maintenance | B3 Repair | B4 Replacement | B5 Refurbishment | B6 Operational energy use | B7 Operational water use | C1 Deconstruction / demolition | C2 Transport | C3 Waste processing | C4 Disposal | D Reuse, recovery, recycling |

With Electricity purchased with Guarantee of Origin

| GWP-IOBC* / GWP-GHG* [kg CO ₂ eq.] | 1,82E+00 | 1,45E-01 | 5,10E-01 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 100% recycling | | | | |
|---|----------|----------|----------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|----------------|----------|----------|----------|-----------|
| | | | | | | | | | | | 3,27E-02 | 1,43E-01 | 2,70E-02 | 5,10E-03 | 2,09E-02 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | 100% landfill | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | 3,27E-02 | 2,46E-02 | 0 | 4,68E-02 | -1,87E-02 |

*The indicator includes all greenhouse gases included in GWP-total but excludes biogenic carbon dioxide uptake and emissions and biogenic carbon stored in the product.

Hazardous substances

The product contains no substances given by the REACH Candidate list or the Norwegian priority list.

Indoor environment

Glasroc® X Klima has no label.

Carbon footprint

The GWP-IOBC value can be found on page 17.

Additional Information


Transport to other countries

The results of stage A4 presented in the tables above refers to Norway. As the product is exported to other countries, conversion factors for each country have been provided. To get the impact for transport to these countries, the A4 figures shall be multiplied with the relevant factor.

| Country | Transport and distance | Factor |
|---------|-------------------------------|--------|
| Norway | Truck (300 km) | 1,0 |
| Denmark | Truck (600 km) | 2,0 |
| Finland | Truck (800 km), Ship (400 km) | 2,9 |
| Sweden | Truck (500 km) | 1,7 |

References

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2. ISO 14044:2006 Environmental Management-Life Cycle Assessment-Requirements and guidelines.
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6. General Programme Instructions for The Norwegian EPD Foundation version 3:2019 update 25.05.2023
7. NPCR Part A – Construction products and services (version 2.0)
8. NPCR 010:2022 Part B for building boards (version 4).
9. European Chemical Agency, Candidate List of substances of very high concern for Authorization.
http://echa.europa.eu/chem_data/authorisation_process/candidate_list_table_en.as
10. Gyproc Norway LCA report version 2 (July 2024)

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